

Republic of Liberia



Ministry of Public Works Liberia Urban Resilience Project (LURP)

ID No.: P169718



ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (ESMP) FOR LURP DRAINAGE CLEANING ACTIVITIES

SEPTEMBER 2023

Executive Summary

Project description

The Liberia Urban Resilience Project (LURP) is a World Bank funded project that aims to increase flood resilience and access to urban infrastructure in selected neighborhoods and to improve urban management in Liberia. The project became effective on 28 February 2023 and will be implemented over a period of 6 years, ending in June 2028.

The Project Development Objective (PDO) is to increase flood resilience and access to urban infrastructure in selected neighborhoods and to improve urban management in Liberia. Specific outcomes are:

- Outcome 1: Area protected from flooding
- Outcome 2: People benefitting from improved urban infrastructure (sex-disaggregated)
- Outcome 3: Urban management capacity enhanced

The four (4) main components of the Project are:

- 1) Climate Resilient Infrastructure and Urban Upgrading,
- 2) Strengthening Integrated Resilient Urban Development Capacity,
- 3) Project Management, and
- 4) Contingent Emergency Response Component.

Component One (1) will support flood risk management and community upgrading infrastructure in prioritized areas of Greater Monrovia. This will include investments in drainage infrastructure to improve connectivity of drainage networks to reduce climate and flood risk, neighborhood and market upgrading interventions to improve access to public services.

Subproject description

A subproject under component 1 has been identified and relates to drainage cleaning to mitigate an imminent flood risk in several parts of Greater Monrovia. This will benefit both subcomponents (subcomponent 1.1. Climate Risk Management Infrastructure and subcomponent 1.2. Climate Resilient Community and Market Upgrading).

The subproject under component 1 is referred to as "Drainage Cleaning Activity" (or "quick win activity" due to the time pressure caused by the rainy season). This encompasses the cleaning of drainage channels in the Central and Greater Monrovia areas. The cleaning of drainage channels is considered to be of an immediate and time-sensitive priority to avoid that clogged up drainage channels flood neighboring communities in the rainy season (between May and November). The subproject would result in immediate positive impacts as it will reduce flooding and protect people's lives and assets in the communities adjacent to the targeted drainage channels.

The proposed drainage cleaning is planned to be carried out through a labor-based approach, with an estimated number of 300 persons to be recruited and managed by a firm/company that

the PMU will hire through competitive bidding. Using simple tools such as shovels, rakes, buckets, wheelbarrows, machetes/cutlasses and garbage bins, the 300 estimated workers to be recruited will be organized into small work teams and assigned to clean up defined lengths of the selected drainage channels. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to the MCC operated landfill in Whein Town (northern Paynesville).

An assessment was conducted at the Whein Town Landfill to determine the capacity of the landfill to accommodate the estimated volume of wastes to be collected from the drainage channels. During the assessment, it was discovered that the Landfill still has space on the right side to accommodate the anticipated volume of waste to be collected, but the Project would have to rehabilitate the access road up the cells to be used as a pathway for dumping, and to make provision for a D8 Bulldozer to support the pushing and compaction of waste at the landfill during the cleaning period.

Environmental and social context

The target areas' topography ranges from flat to gentle and steep slopes. All target areas are prone to flooding during the wet season of the year. Shrubs, mangrove trees, grass and fruit trees are present in the areas. Soils are predominantly sand, clay and loam. The general ecology is terrestrial with close proximity to wetlands. All the drainage channels in this area are filled with plastic, human feces and other type of wastes and are highly polluted.

The target areas are characterized by high population density with densely congested housing including a vast number of substandard houses and informal settlements. The land uses are predominantly residential and commercial with schools, health facilities, religious service centers, and agricultural activities present in the target areas. Sanitary conditions in the target communities are very poor and pose health hazards.

Environment and social issues

Several environmental risks related to the removal of waste from the drainage channels exist. Flood risks are a key risk in the areas as clogged up drainage channels cannot fulfill their function of draining the target areas. Not removing the waste poses a significant risk to the environment as floods would spread the existing liquid and solid wastes from the drainages to residential and commercial areas and potentially neighboring wetlands. Removing the waste could also pose a risk of soil and water contamination if the removed waste was improperly stored, transported and disposed or illegally dumped. There are also occupational health and safety risk of workers (including accidents) due to unsafe and hazardous working conditions.

On the social side, not removing the waste from the drainages would pose significant social risks as the resulting floods would prevent community members from assessing work, school, health institutions, and other basic services. Using workers from outside the communities could lead to dissatisfaction within the communities that hope to benefit from short term employment. Removing the waste with the help of community workers poses some social risks as well. The occupational health and safety of workers could be at risk if adequate protection equipment is not provided. Also, workers' rights could be violated if there is no adequate supervision and monitoring of their payment. Gender Based Violence (GBV) could occur between the workers

and community members if workers are not sensitized and if the works are not adequately supervised.

To mitigate the environmental and social risks and impacts, a range of mitigation measures has been identified in this ESMP: Procure and provide to all workers personal protective equipment (gloves, hooded reflective overalls, nose covers, rain/safety boots safety eye goggles); contractors to recruit occupational health and safety officers; install warning and safety signs in the target areas; provide first aid kits on the sites; make it mandatory for contractors to hire workers from the target areas; contractors to sign code of conduct to mitigate GBV; establish worker performance and payment tracking system; release payments to contractors only based on number of trucks dumping at official landfill; and the PMU will ensure confidential and timely handling of grievances and separate handling of GBV cases.

E&S Screening and Environmental and Social Management Plan

An E&S screening has been carried out on April 6, 2023 and May 4, 5, 15 & 17, 2023. Five (5) consultation meetings were held with a cluster of communities in the proposed subproject areas, including Central Monrovia (2 meetings), Bushrod Island (3 meetings), and Paynesville (1 meeting) with 114 participants in total. This has informed the preparation of this Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP). This ESMP was prepared in accordance with the World Bank ESF and the Liberia environmental and social assessment guidelines and procedures. The methodology essentially entailed: Preliminary site visits, literature review/desktop studies, field studies, community/stakeholder consultations and the preparation of the ESMP.

The table below summarizes key findings from the ESMP in line with guidance provided in the project ESMF:

Table 1: Brief ESMP Summary

Subproject Name	Drainage Cleaning
Subproject Location	Bushrod Island; Central Monrovia; Paynesville
Risk level (low, moderate, substantial or high)	Moderate
Date of the field visit	April 6, 2023; May 4, 5, 15 & 17, 2023
Consultation Summary	The Community Embraced the project and highly expressed their desire to participate.
	They complained about illegal dumping and no access to collection points. Providing support and security to ensure a sustainable cleaned drainage system afterwards is a concern of many community engaged.

Observations/Comments	All methods of Illegal disposal of waste was evident in many areas assessed. Many collection points are closed down and Community dwellers complained that they don't have access to waste bin or collection points to dispose their waste. Hence, all drainages seen are clogged with waste. Continuous Community engagement, awareness of the Project GBV, GRM, health and Safety training of community workers and prioritizing the community during mobilization is key for a successful implementation					
Signature of PMU E&S staff	Harriett Peal-Keamu & Stephen K. Kolee					
Date	June 27, 2023					

1.0 Introduction

Objectives of the ESMP

The overarching objective of the ESMP is to ensure that the environmental and social impacts likely to arise from the subproject activities are identified and appropriate mitigation measures integrated into project implementation and operation in order to protect human and environmental health.

The specific objectives of the ESMP are to:

- Comply with applicable national environmental and social legislations, standards and guidelines as well as the World Bank's ESF
- Achieve and demonstrate sound environmental and social performance
- Identify potential positive and negative environmental and social risks and impacts that may arise from the implementation of the project
- Proffer mitigation and management measures that need to be implemented in order to mitigate the negative environmental and social impacts and enhance the positive impacts of the project
- Propose environmental and social monitoring programs that will ensure that mitigation measures are implemented and effective during project execution and timely corrective actions are taken where required
- Propose institutional arrangements, incorporating roles and responsibilities of stakeholders involved in management actions and monitoring
- Outline the implementation schedule and reporting procedures for the ESMP
- Communicate environmental and social expectations and requirements throughout the project life cycle; and
- Ensure the allocation of sufficient resources for effective implementation of the mitigation measures

Literature Review/Desktop Studies

Literature review and desktop studies were undertaken to obtain information on the proposed project as well as the environmental and socio-economic conditions in the project area.

The documents reviewed included:

- Project Appraisal Document (PAD)
- Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP)
- Labor management Procedures (LMP)
- Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF)
- World Bank ESF
- National environmental laws regulations, policies and guidelines
- E&S screening report for the subproject

Field Data Collection

Field studies were carried out with a view to gather additional information on the baseline environmental and social conditions that may potentially be affected during project implementation and operation phases. This involved in-situ measurements, visual assessment/observations, Focus Group Discussions and Key Informant Interviews (KIIs).

Stakeholder Consultations

Stakeholder consultations were carried out between April 6, 2023; May 4, 5, 15 & 17, 2023. Details of these stakeholder consultations are presented in Chapter 6.0 while evidence of stakeholder meetings in the locations are presented in Annex B. Such discussions aimed at obtaining stakeholder views on the planned activities, and the concerns they may have with regards to project implementation. Through this process, concerns and issues were addressed; views and inputs as regards the potential environmental and social impacts of the project and proposed mitigation/enhancement measures were obtained.

2.0 Project Description

2.1 Nature and scope of activities

The Project Proponent has decided to undertake a subproject under component 1, referred to as "Drainage Cleaning Activity" (or "quick win activity" due to the time pressure caused by the rainy season). This encompasses the cleaning of drainage channels in the Central and Greater Monrovia areas (see figures 1-6). The cleaning of drainage channels is considered to be of an immediate and time-sensitive priority to avoid that clogged up drainage channels flood neighboring communities in the rainy season (between May and November). The Ministry of Finance and Development Planning (MFDP) and the Ministry of Public Works (MPW) have identified the drainage cleaning as a priority activity to protect people's lives and assets in the communities adjacent to the targeted drainage channels.

The proposed drainage cleaning is planned to be carried out through a labor-based approach, with an estimated number of 300 persons to be recruited and managed by a firm/company that the PMU will hire through competitive bidding. Using simple tools such as shovels, rakes, buckets, wheelbarrows, machetes/cutlasses and garbage bins, the 300 estimated workers to be recruited will be organized into small work teams and assigned to clean up defined lengths of the selected drainage channels. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to the MCC operated landfill in Whein Town (northern Paynesville).

The proposed activities will involve no earthworks and widening of drainage channels. As such, there will be no land acquisition or demolition of structures along the drainage during execution of the proposed cleaning activities. Implementation of the proposed activities will cause no negative changes to or adverse impacts on livelihood earnings for nearby community residents and businesses.

The PMU shall ensure that the contractor(s) hired to implement the proposed drainage cleaning will, when dealing with labor related risks/issues, refer to the requirements/provisions of ESS2, the Project's Labor Management Procedures, and Liberia's Decent Work Act of 2015. These frameworks and covenants seek to address issues related to labor and working conditions, remuneration, occupational health and safety, discrimination, worker rights, etc.

The main objective of the proposed drainage cleaning activity is to reduce flooding in the targeted communities by opening up drainage channels to enhance the free flow of storm and wastewater, as well as to promote a clean and healthy environment for community dwellers and the larger population. The scope of works for this drainage cleaning activity including activity description, performance requirements and the outcome indicators are given in the matrix below.

In line with the project's Environmental and Social Framework (ESMF), the Project Management Unit (PMU) within MPW has prepared an initial E&S screening checklist. In the course of the exercise, this was expanded to an Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP). The ESMP covers mitigation, monitoring, and institutional measures to be taken during implementation and operation of this subproject to eliminate adverse environmental and social risks and impacts, offset them, or reduce them to an acceptable level.

Table 2: Scope of Work for Drainage Cleaning Activity

Scope of Work for D								
<u>Activity</u>	Activity Description	Performance Requirements	Outcome Indicator & Penalty					
 removal of waste from drainage desilting shoulder cleaning haulage and disposal of waste 	The Contractor cleans the drainage structures (based on the measurements and condition of the existing drainage structure) for earth drainages. For concrete structures, the full measure of the drainage by both length and depth (ranging from 1.5m to 2m) must be cleaned including drainage ditches, channels, inlet and outlet chambers to discharge areas, etc. The contractor should also be aware that the work will require cleaning (removal of garbage and desilting) of underground drainages (Pipe culverts or drainage channels) The contractor ensures that the structures are completely clear of debris and able to function at their intended capacity. Absolutely no silt or debris impeding the functionality of the drainages shall be permitted.	Clearance of all debris from all drainage structures including the associated outlets and inlets. The lack of access route for equipment to travel along the drainages will make it difficult for heavy equipment to clean the drains. Therefore, based on the depths and types of drainage systems (earth drains and old concrete drains) the usage of hand tools will be the best method to achieve the required level of cleanliness. There should be no hindrance to stormwater flowing into and out of the drainage structure. All debris collected from the earth and concrete drains should be transported using waste bins/buckets, and wheelbarrows to the collection points; and by Trucks from the collection points to Whein Town Landfill.	The unimpeded flow of water through the drainage structure is inspected monthly to ensure compliance. i.e., All drainage sections must be cleaned and inspected monthly Where debris and other organic matter hinder the free flow of water or significantly affect the flow of stormwater through the drainage, (10%) of the due payment as required in the scope of works would be deducted.					

2.2. Subproject Location

The drainage cleaning activity (subproject) will cover several communities clustered under three locations or areas within Greater Monrovia; namely: Bushrod Island, Central Monrovia and Paynesville. Bushrod Island lies in the western end of Monrovia and comprises a whole host of communities including (Clara/Paity Town close to the Ocean, Freeport (Liberia's main seaport) Doe Community close to Du River, Logan Town close to Stockton Creek, and New Kru Town close to Duala Market). See figures 1 and 2.

Central Monrovia lies along the seacoast in the south, spanning from the top of Mamba Point through Crown and Capitol Hills and Sinkor to the end of Congo Town at SKD Boulevard Junction. The communities assessed within Central Monrovia consist of Newport- Redemption Road, Ministry of Public Works Backgate -Soni Wein, Buchanna Street - Soni Wein Drainage, Randall-Carey-Benson-Gurley-Center Streets, UL Capitol Bye-Pass-Perry Street Intersection, Water Side - Old Cat Building -West Point Beach, 12th Street-19th Street - Fiamah-Weasay, Divine Town- Bernard Beach, Small Town- Behind Catholic Hospital. See figures 3 and 4.

Paynesville Township lies in the eastern end of Monrovia and covers large number of communities. The areas assessed for the ESMP are: (*Kpelleh Town-SD Cooper Road, Sand Town -AB Tolbert Road and SD Cooper Road-Car Wash-SKD 72nd Blvd*). See figures 5 and 6.

Apart from Mamba Point, Crown Hill, Capitol Hill and the hill around Pagus Island in Congo Town, most of the project areas are relatively flat and comprise marsh lands and mangrove swamps. The Atlantic Ocean, Du River, Mesurado River, St. Paul River, Stockton and Warner Creeks are the main water bodies in the project areas. The Montserrado wetlands (protected Ramsar site) will be affected by drainages leading from SD Cooper Road through King Gray ELWA, GSA Road to Du Port Road: Drainage does not lead through wetland; drainages drain into Gulf of Guinea and the Mesurado Wetlands (see figure 5)

To protect the Mesurado Wetland from pollution during and after the cleaning activities, the below mitigation measures will be carried out, primarily including the preparation and installation of energy dissipators and screens at selected locations from where the drainage channels drain into the wetland.

Boulder rocks measuring 30.2cm to 45cm will be placed at the apron slab of the existing culverts and will serve as stormwater dissipators. The use of boulder rocks is recommended to prevent the construction of concrete structures using Portland Cement that would contaminate the wetland. The installation of energy dissipators will be done immediately after the drainage is cleaned.

A screen made out of corrosion resistant materials, particularly stainless steel, will be installed to prevent debris and other pollutants from entering the Mesurado Wetland. The installation of this system will be done during the drainage cleaning activities.

The screen will be mounted on corrosion resistant galvanize poles drilled deep beneath the water bed at the drainage outlet just before entering the Mesurado Wetland. The effective functioning of the system will require regular cleaning to routinely remove the accumulated trash and debris, especially during the raining season. The frequency of removal will depend on debris or sludge accumulated. Once the screen is constructed, the PMU will enter into an agreement with a local sanitation company for regular maintenance and debris removal.

The installation of energy dissipators and screens will take approximately one (1) week for each of the two identified sites (SD Cooper Road Drainage).

Figure 1: Bushrod Island # 1- Vai Town-Freeport-Doe Community

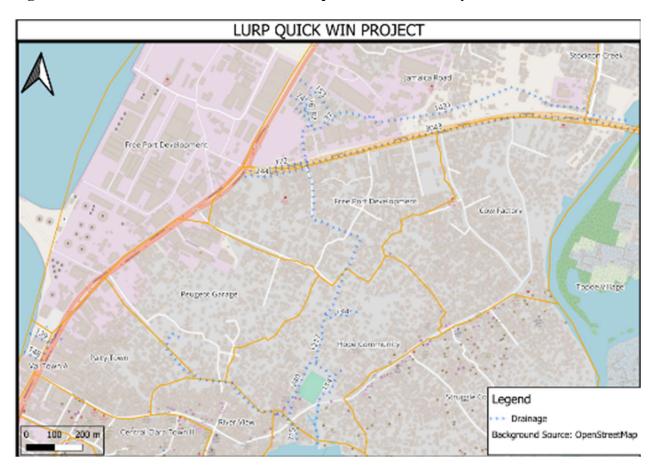




Figure 2: Bushrod Island # 2 – Duala, New Kru Town and other nearby communities

Figure 3: Central Monrovia # 1- Covers West Point, Mamba Point, Capitol Hill to 12th Street Sinkor



Figure 4: Central Monrovia # 2- 12th Street Sinkor to Fiamah, Fish Market to Catholic Hospital

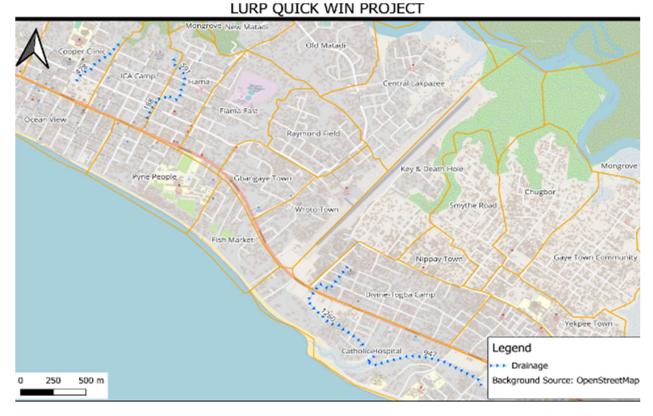


Figure 5: Paynesville #1 – SD Cooper Road through King Gray ELWA, GSA Road to Du Port Road



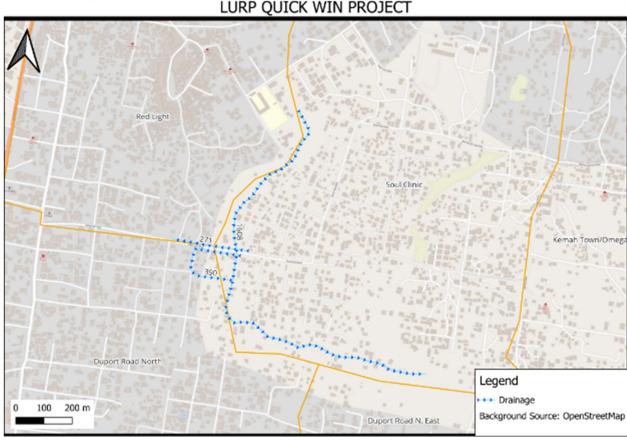


Figure 6: Paynesville # 2 – Du Port Road Northeast, Red Light and surround communities LURP QUICK WIN PROJECT

The following table provides further information on the drainage locations, lengths, and types.

Table 3: Drainages Location and Types

Drainage Location	Approximate Length (m)	Drainage Type
BUSHROD ISLAND		
VAI TOWN-PITY TOWN (Vai Town-Millennium Park, Thunder Bird – Du-River, Sethi Brother-Du-River, Clara Town Gas Station-Clara Town Market, Pity Town-Du-River	2500	Concrete & Earth drains
LPRC – FREEPORT YARD BUSHROD	1500	Concrete /side/cross drains
FREEPORT CONEX GAS STATION-DOE COMMUNITY- DU-RIVER	1800	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
CEMENCO – STOCKTON CREEK	2000	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains

JAMAICA ROAD – STOCKTON CREEK	2000	Earth drains
LOGAN TOWN – STOCKTON CREEK	1000	Earth drains
BACK OF LEC FENCE – POPO BEACH	1250	Earth drains
LEC MAIN GATE – STOCKTON CREEK	1250	Earth drains
CALDWELL ROAD-MOMOBOE TOWN COMMUNITY – DUALA MARKET-NEW KRU TOWN	2500	Earth drains
CENTRAL MONROVIA		
CABRA ESTATE-END OF ACS FENCE	2500	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
DIVINE TOWN- BERNARD BEACH	2000	Earth drains
SMALL TOWN- BEHIND CATHOLIC HOSPITAL	3500	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
17 th STREET-18 TH STREET – FIAMAH-WEASIA	1800	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
12 TH STREET -14 TH STREET –ISLAND DRAINAGE	2000	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
WATER SIDE – OLD CAT BUILDING -WEST POINT BEACH	2500	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
NEWPORT-CENTER STREETS, CENTER STREET- REDEMPTION ROAD AND MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS BACKGATE-SONNI WIEN	3000	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
BUCHANNA STREET – SONNI WIEN DRAINAGE	1000	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
RANDALL-CAREY-BENSON-GURLEY-CENTER STREETS	1800	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
UL CAPITOL BYE-PASS-PERRY STREET INTERSECTION(Out)	1,050	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
PAYNESVILLE		'
GSA ROAD- ZUBAH TOWN	2500	Concrete & Earth drains
KPELLEH TOWN-SD COOPER ROAD	1500	Earth drains
SAND TOWN -AB TOLBERT ROAD	2000	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
SD COOPER CAR WASH-72 nd BLVD	1500	Earth drains

REHAB-DUPORT ROAD	2400	Earth drains
GOBACHOP MARKET-ZAYZAY COMMUNITY	2500	Earth drains
SAINT KIZITO CHURCH-ZAYZAY COMMUNITY	1500	Concrete & Earth/side/cross drains
NEEZOE COMMUNITY-CHANESE COOL STORAGE	3000	Earth drains
STOCKTON CREEK-REDLIGHT (JAPANESE FREEWAY)	13,000	Concrete /side/cross drains
BARNESVILLE TOWN HALL-KESSELLY BOULEVARD (No provision in BOQ)	2000	Earth drains

On average, the level of waste or silt in the drainages varies. The drains are not completely full across all sections of the full distance of the drains to be cleaned. The Engineers estimated 28% volume of the drainages as waste/silts which is equivalent to 44,150m³. The total number of trips required to transport the 44,150 m³ is 2,208 trips using a 20 m³ truck. In this the works traffic disruptions will be minimum.

3.0 Regulatory, Policy and Institutional Framework

The preparation of this ESMP was carried out within the context and requirements of the relevant Liberia regulatory and institutional framework, and the relevant environmental and social standards of the World Bank Environmental and Social Framework (ESF).

3.1 National Regulations and Policies

The applicable Liberian Policy, legal and Regulatory framework consulted for this ESMP includes the following. Details about the content of these policies, laws and regulations is summarized in the project ESMF:

- **The 1986 Constitution**, which provides for the effective management of the nation's natural resources;
- The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Act of 2003, created and mandated the EPA to coordinate, monitor and supervise all activities related to the protection of the environment and the sustainable use of natural resources;
- Environmental Protection and Management Law, 2003; provides the legal basis for EPA's management and protection of the environment and natural resources;
- EPA's ESIA Procedural Guidelines (2017) provide the framework for conducting environmental assessment and management prior to executing any project activities.
- Land Rights Policy, 2013
- National Environmental and Occupational Health Policy, 2010
- Liberia Land Authority Act, 2016
- Liberia Land Rights Act, 2018

• National Environmental Policy of Liberia (2002): aims to enhance sustainable environmental quality and resource productivity.

3.2 Relevant Institutional Framework

The relevant institutions for this activity include the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Ministry of Public Works (MPW), Monrovia City Corporation (MCC), and the Paynesville City Corporation (PCC). Communities and contractors will support the implementation of the activities. The World Bank will provider overall guidance.

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is the regulatory Institution of the Government of Liberia for the sustainable management of the environment and its natural resources. The Agency was established by an act of the Legislature November 26, 2002 and published on April 30, 2003. Section 5 of the Act designates the EPA as the principal Liberian authority for environmental management which shall co-ordinate, monitor, supervise, and consult with relevant stakeholders on all the activities for environmental protection and the sustainable use of natural resources. Based on this mandate, EPA will be involved in the activities to ensure that they comply with national policies, laws, and regulations related to environmental protection.

Ministry of Public Works (MPW)

MPW is the implementing agency for the LURP. A Project Management Unit (PMU) has been established with MPW and is responsible for the day to day implementation of LURP. For this subproject, MPW's role is to provide overall guidance and supervision to the activities. MPW has provided support to preparing this ESMP through providing vehicles and information on similar, previous activities carried out by MPW. The PMU is handling the preparation of the ESMP through its social and gender specialist and the environmental specialist. These PMU staff will also handle grievances related to this activity. The MPU will further be responsible for handling procurement and financial management as well as M&E related tasks for this activity.

Monrovia City Corporation (MCC) and Paynesville City Corporation (PCC)

The activities will be implemented within the administrative boundaries of MCC and PCC. Both cities have the mandate for solid waste management and MCC is responsible for managing the Whein Town landfill. Both city corporations will be engaged to provide guidance and contacts as needed for implementing the activity. Supervision will be provided to ensure that the activities in each jurisdiction comply with any relevant procedures related to their waste management mandates.

Communities

Communities targeted by the activities will benefit from the drainage cleaning. Further, workers will be recruited from these communities. Community workers will be required to comply with the ESMP provisions and will be provided with safety equipment and relevant instructions to mitigate any environmental and social risks, including those related to GBV.

Contractors

Contractors will be hired to carry out the work. Contractors will be required to fully comply with the ESMP and its key provisions will form part of the contract between MPW and the contractors. Contractors will recruit community workers and ensure their compliance with the ESMP provisions.

World Bank

The World Bank will provide technical and E&S advice as required. The World Bank will be responsible for reviewing all related E&S documents, interim reports, and final reports from the contractor and MPW/PMU to ensure that all E&S provisions from the EMSP are complied with. Further information on the ESF and related ESS is presented in the following section.

3.3 World Bank Environmental and Social Standards (ESSs)

The World Bank Environmental and Social Standards applicable to the project and the quick win drainage cleaning activity are presented in table 4 below:

Table 4: Applicable ESS to project and subproject

ESS	Applicable to project (per ESCP)	Applicable to subproject
ESS1: Assessment and	Yes	Yes
Management of		
Environmental and Social		
Risks and Impacts;		
ESS2: Labor and Working	Yes	Yes
Conditions;		
ESS3: Resource Efficiency	Yes	Yes
and Pollution Prevention and		
Management		
ESS4: Community Health and	Yes	Yes
Safety;		
ESS 5: Land Acquisition,	Yes	No (no land acquisition required and no
Restrictions on Land Use and		resettlements are triggered due to nature
Involuntary Resettlement		of the subproject activities)
ESS 6: Biodiversity	Yes	No (no adverse impacts on
Conservation and Sustainable		biodiversity/living natural resources
Management of Living		anticipated due to nature of the
Natural Resources		subproject activities)
ESS 7: Indigenous	No	No (not applicable to project)

Peoples/Sub-Saharan African		
Historically Underserved		
Traditional Local		
Communities		
ESS 8: Cultural Heritage	Yes	No (not applicable due to nature of the subproject activities)
ESS 9: Financial	No	No (not applicable to project)
Intermediaries		
ESS10: Stakeholder	Yes	Yes
Engagement and Information		
Disclosure;		

3.4 Steps Taken by the Project to Comply with ESF Requirements

Early during project appraisal, the client (MPW) took the necessary steps to comply with the Bank's environmental and social standards by preparing and disclosing five ESF instruments for the project, namely; the Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF), the Resettlement Policy Framework (RPF), the Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP), the Labor Management Procedures (LMP), and the Environmental and Social Commitment Plan (ESCP).

In compliance with the approved ESMF, the PMU also conducted detailed site environmental and social screening of drainage channels being considered for the quick win cleaning activity in Central and Greater Monrovia. As an integral part of the screening exercise, the screening team held extensive consultations with community residents across the project areas.

4.0 Environmental and Social Baseline Conditions

4.1. Summary of the environmental and social baseline conditions

This section presents an overview of the environmental and socio-economic conditions around the various sites where clearing activities are planned to take place. The following table provides a summary of the environmental and social baseline conditions.

Environmental and Social Baseline Data Collection Methods

Table 5: Environmental and Social Characteristics of the Assessed Project Areas

Population	Vegetation	Topography/	Soil Type	Current Land Uses	General	Sanitation
Density		Landscape			Ecology	
Bushrod Isl	Bushrod Island (Clara Town-Paity Town-Freeport-Doe Community, New Kru Town-Duala Market-Logan					
Town-Stockto	Town-Stockton Creek)					
High	Shrubs,	Very flat land	Predomina	Industrial (cement,	Terrestrial	Sanitary
population	mangrove	and prone to	ntly Sandy,	steel manufacturing	with close	conditions
density with	trees	flooding	clay and	and flour mill are	proximity to	in the

11	1	1		411	_14_ 1
densely	during the	loam	among the key	wetlands:	clustered
congested	wet season of		industries in the		communiti
housing	the year		Freeport area of	Vai	es
(including			Bushrod Island),	Town/Freep	comprising
vast number			commercial,	ort-Doe	this area
of			residential, schools,	Community:	are very
substandard			health facilities,	Drainage	poor and
houses and			religious service	leads	pose
informal			centers, agricultural	through a	serious
settlements)			activities-especially	wetland	health
with little or			the production of	located	hazards to
no access to			vegetables during the	north of	the very
vital			dry season	Clara Town	community
19nfrastruct				Community,	dwellers
ure services.				draining into	and to
				the	people and
Members of				Stockton	other life
Liberia's 16					forms
ethnic/langu					within the
age groups				then into	surroundin
are present				the	g
there, with				Mesurado	environme
the majority				River (see	nts. All the
being the				figure 1)	drainage
Grebo, Kru				liguic 1)	channels in
and Krahn				Duala, New	this area
ethnic				Kru Town	are filled
				and nearby	with
groups.				communities	
					plastic,
				: Drainage	human
				leads	feces and
				through a	other type
				wetland	of wastes
				(east of	and are
				Duala	highly
				Market) and	polluted.
				drains into	
				St Paul	
				River in the	
				north and	
				Stockton	
				Creek in the	
				east (see	
	 			figure 2)	
Tri .	 				

The main potential environmental and social risks identified during the E&S screening of drainage channels on Bushrod Island are as follows:

- ✓ Risk of contaminating nearby soil, surface and ground water sources if wastes are improperly handled;
- ✓ Occupational health and safety risks of workers and community members arising from the work;
- ✓ Risk of silts and debris removed from drainage channels being dumped illegally and causing more problem:
- ✓ Risk of cleaners being unable to freely access all part of the drainage channels to transport wastes due to lack of access routes;

Central Monrovia (Newport- Redemption Road, Ministry of Public Works Backgate-Soni Wien, Buchanna Street – Soni Wien Drainage, Randall-Carey-Benson-Gurley-Center Streets, UL Capitol Bye-Pass-Perry Street Intersection, Water Side – Old Cat Building -West Point Beach, 12th Street-19th Street – Fiamah-Weasay, Divine

Town- Bernard	d Beach, Smal	l Town- Behind (Catholic Hospi	tal)		
High	Grass, fruit		Sandy,	Commercial	Terrestrial	Very poor
population	trees		clay, loam	(including markets),		sanitary
density and		Steep and		residential, schools,	West Point,	conditions,
densely		gentle slopes		health facilities,	Mamba	which pose
congested				religious service	Point,	substantial
housing		Flat terrain		centers, and	Capitol Hill:	health risk
(including				agricultural activities-	No wetlands	to both
substandard				vegetable production.	present;	human and
houses and					drainage	other life
informal					drains into	forms in
settlements)					the Gulf of	the nearby
with limited					Guinea (see	environme
access to					figure 3)	nt.
water and						
sanitation					_	
20nfrastruct					12 th St.	
ure.					Sinkor-	
Representati					Fiamah-Fish	
ves of					Market-	
Liberia's					Catholic	
multi ethnic					Hospital:	
groups					The	
reside in the					drainage	
area.					flows	
					through a	
					wetland that	
					has been	
					filled in with	
					houses. The	
					drainage	
					drains into a	
					stream north	
					of the	
					Catholic	
					Hospital	
					(see figure	
					4)	

The main potential environmental and social risks identified during the E&S screening of drainage channels in Central Monrovia are as follows:

- ✓ Risk of contaminating nearby soil, surface and ground water sources if wastes are improperly handled;
- ✓ Occupational health and safety risks of workers and community members arising from the work;
- ✓ Risk of silts and debris removed from drainage channels being dumped illegally and causing more problem;
- ✓ Risk of cleaners being unable to freely access all part of the drainage channels to transport wastes due to lack of access routes;

Paynesville (Kpelleh Town-SD Cooper Road, Sand Town -AB Tolbert Road and SD Cooper Road-Car Wash-SKD 72nd Blvd)

High	Grass, fruit	Relatively	Sandy,	Commercial	Terrestrial	Very poor
population	trees,	flat with	clay, loam	(including markets),		sanitary
density and	mangrove	gentle slops		residential, schools,	SD Cooper	conditions,
densely	trees			health facilities,	Road	which pose
congested				religious service	through	substantial
housing				centers, and	King Gray	health risk
(including				agricultural activities-	ELWA,	to both

substandard	vegetable production.	GSA Road	human and
houses and	regenere production.	to Du Port	other life
informal		Road:	forms in
settlements)		Drainage	the nearby
with limited		does not	environme
access to		lead through	nt.
water and		wetland;	
sanitation		drainages	
21nfrastruct		drain into	
ure.		Gulf of	
Representati		Guinea and	
ves of		the	
Liberia's		Mesurado	
multi ethnic		Wetlands	
groups		(see figure	
reside in		5)	
these areas.			
		Du Port	
		Road	
		Northeast,	
		Red Light	
		and	
		surround	
		communities	
		: No	
		wetlands	
		present;	
		drainage	
		drains into	
		unoccupied	
		areas (see	
		figure 6)	

The main potential environmental and social risks identified during the E&S screening of drainage channels in Central Monrovia are as follows:

- ✓ Risk of contaminating nearby soil, surface and ground water sources if wastes are improperly handled;
- ✓ Occupational health and safety risks of workers and community members arising from the work;
- ✓ Risk of silts and debris removed from drainage channels being dumped illegally and causing more problem;
- ✓ Risk of cleaners being unable to freely access all part of the drainage channels to transport wastes due to lack of access routes;

4.2 Photos taken during the Sites Assessment

Photographs of sites visited on April 6, 2023 during the Screening Assessment







Soniwein drainage along Mechlin and Gurley Streets







Soniwein drainage along Mechlin and Gurley Streets



A Section showing the drainage in Doe Community, Bushrod Island



Section showing where the Soniwein drainage enters the Atlantic Ocean

Photographs of some sites visited during the assessment on May 4 & 5, 2023





A Section showing the drainage at Freeport to Doe Community Drainage





Section showing Polluted drainage channel in Sinkor between 17 and 18 Street



Drainage Channel between 12th and 13th Streets



Drainage Channel at Old Road and Tubman Blvd junction/Devine Town



Drainage Channel behind CDC Party Headquarters
Small Town



Drainage Channel along road to Catholic Hospital



Channel along road from Catholic Hospital to Sophie



Drainage Channel in sand Town, AB Tolbert Road



Channel along road from SD Cooper Road to Car Wash



Channel along SD Cooper Road

5.0 Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts

Introduction

In this section, an overview of the anticipated environmental and social risks and impacts of proposed cleaning activities across the proposed intervention sites, as well as recommendations to mitigate the negative/adverse impacts are presented. It also presents an environmental and social management and monitoring plan to ensure that the mitigation measures are implemented and are effective. The presentation in this section is based on observations made in the course of field data collection and assessment carried out specifically for the purpose of preparing this ESMP report.

5.1 Risk assessment

The overall risk level is considered to be **Moderate** based on the following assessment, which is a result of an E&S screening conducted on April 6, 2023; May 4,5,15&17, 2023. The results of the community consultations are reflected in Chapter 6.

Anticipated positive impacts associated with the cleaning of drainage channels

The proposed drainage cleaning, if successfully implemented, will have huge positive benefits, including but not limited to i) a clean and healthy environment for community dwellers and businesses, ii) income for community workers participating in the cleaning activities, iii) improved capacity of drainage channels to allow the free flow of storm water, thereby significantly reducing the incidence of flooding in project affected communities and surrounding areas, and iv) the improved awareness of LURP activities in and across the project areas in Great Monrovia.

The main positive impacts of the planned quick impact activities include the following:

- improved drainage capacity to allow free flow of stormwater thereby reducing flood risk in surrounding communities, protecting community members' lives and physical assets;
- ≠ reduced occurrences of water borne diseases, insects and vermin and improved health conditions of people living in the surrounding communities;
- opportunity for communities to take ownership of and sustain the exercise for their own wellbeing;
- temporary job creation and income generation for community workers that would be hired to carry out the activities.

Potential negative impacts associated with the cleaning of drainage channels

The identified potential adverse environmental and social risks/impacts of the proposed drainage cleaning activities are as follows:

♣ the risk of soil and water contamination resulting from improper handling, storage, transportation and disposal of wastes removed from drainage channels;

- occupational health and safety risks of workers who would be subjected to unsafe and hazardous working conditions, especially without provision of the required personal protective equipment (PPE);
- ≠ risk of gender-based violence (GBV), sexual exploitation and abuse (SEA) and sexual harassment (SH) against workers as well as community members;
- risk of community members not cooperating in the implementation of the proposed activities due to hiring of most of the workers from outside the affected community.

Methodology for risk assessment

The risks for this project were categorized on a scale from 1 to 5 (1-2 = low risk; 3 = moderate risk; 4 = substantial risk; 5 = high risk).

Table 6: Description and rating of potential negative environmental and social risks and mitigation measures

Risk Description	Likelihood of occurring (1-5) *	E & S Rating	
Mobilization Phase	occurring (1-3)		
Risk of community members rejecting program due to hiring majority of the workers from outside the affected	2	Low	
community.			
Implementation/Cleaning Phase			
Risk of soil and water contamination through improper storage, transportation and disposal of wastes removed from drainage channels	5	High	
Risk of air pollution due to emissions from engines and dust from vehicle movement and other work activities.	3	Moderate	
Risk of negatively affecting flora and fauna	1	Low	
Risk of silts and debris removed from the drainages being dumped illegally.	4	Substantial	
Unsuitable dumping of waste materials constituting aesthetic nuisances and odors	4	Substantial	
Occupational health and safety risk of workers (incl. accidents) due to unsafe and hazardous working conditions.	5	High	
Risk of violation of workers' rights, including discrimination of all kinds	3	Moderate	
Risk of Gender-based Violence	3	Moderate	

(GBV), sexual exploitation and abuse (SEA) and sexual harassment (SH) among workers at different levels, and between workers and community members				
The risk of negatively polluting the RAMSAT SITE	4	Substantial		
Traffic impact during mobilization of equipment to sites and carting away of wastes, especially along sites that may not be accessible by good roads	4	Substantial		
Noise pollution	1	Low		
Operation/Maintenance Phase				
Risk of community members continuing to dump waste in drainages after cleaning is completed	5	High		

^{*}On the scale of 1 to 5, 5 is the highest score.

As shown in Table 6, the overall Environmental and Social risk rating for the drainage cleaning activities is "Moderate".

This risk rating is informed by the following considerations on the potential positive and negative impacts of the subproject:

5.2 Risk Summary

Risks during preparation of the subproject are limited and can be addressed through further community consultations (building on the E&S screening consultations) and adequate structuring of the contracts for the cleaning activities.

From the overall assessment, the adverse environmental and social risks and impacts associated with the drainage channels during implementation of the subproject are similar despite their different locations. The main potential environmental and social risks associated with the execution of the drainage cleaning are the risks of soil and water pollution that may result from poor and improper handling and disposal of the wastes to be collected, and occupational health and safety risks of workers who would be involved in the unsafe and hazardous work of cleaning the highly polluted drainages. Some 300 people are expected to be recruited from the various project affected communities by the firm/company that will be hired by the PMU to organize and oversee the work.

The main risk related to the maintenance of the drainages after the cleaning is completed remains the core objective of the LURP. The subproject is embedded in the overall project activities that seek to reduce community flooding in a sustainable manner by combining infrastructure investments for flood risk management, combined with capacity building for urban planning and

solid waste management, and awareness raising on these aspects through LURP components 1 and 2.

See Annex C for a Traffic Management Plan, Annex D for an Occupation Health and Safety Management Plan, Annex E for an Emergency Preparedness Plan, and Annex F for a Waste Management Plan.

6.0 Consultations

6.1 Consultations background

The ESMP was prepared based on an E&S screening activity, which was carried out over a period of 5 days (April 6, 2023; May 4,5,15&17, 2023) and covered drainage channels in the below listed communities, which are grouped under three (3) clusters/ key locations as follows:

- **Bushrod Island** (Clara Town, Paity Town, Freeport (Liberia's main seaport), Doe Community, Logan Town, New Kru Town, Duala Market and Stockton Creek);
- Central Monrovia (Newport- Redemption Road, Ministry of Public Works Backgate Soni Wien, Buchanna Street Soni Wien Drainage, Randall-Carey-Benson-Gurley-Center Streets, UL Capitol Bye-Pass-Perry Street Intersection, Water Side Old Cat Building -West Point Beach, 12th Street-19th Street Fiamah-Weasay, Divine Town-Bernard Beach, Small Town-Behind Catholic Hospital);
- **Paynesville** (Paynesville (Kpelleh Town-SD Cooper Road, Sand Town -AB Tolbert Road and SD Cooper Road-Car Wash- SKD 72nd Blvd)

The lead Project Engineer who supported the E&S team took GPS coordinates of all the areas visited during the ESMP preparation. The GPS coordinates have been shared with PMU staff and the Bank's Task Team. See figures 1-6 for location details.

The ESMP used a methodological mix of the following approaches: Use of environmental and social screening checklist (included as Annex A), community consultations (see consultation summary in Annex B), site inspection, taking GPS coordinates and photographing of drainage channels.

6.2 Consultations Summary

As a key aspect of the site screening exercise for the ESMP, five (5) consultation meetings were held with a cluster of communities in the proposed subproject areas, including Central Monrovia (2 meetings), Bushrod Island (3 meetings), and Paynesville (1 meeting). Through these consultation meetings the Project Team, particularly the environmental and social (E&S) team and community engagement staff provided an overview of the LURP in general and the Drainage Cleaning Activities in particular.

The team also listened to, recorded and provided answers to questions and concerns raised by community members. Major concerns raised by the community are:

- The Community Leaders and member Embraced the project and highly expressed their desire to participate by providing their services to clean the drainage; Need protective gears to wear; Need payment for the work to be carried out
- ➤ They complained about illegal dumping and clogged drainages which will lead to flooding of their homes during the rain;
- Community dwellers complained that they don't have access to waste bin or collection points to dispose their waste. Many collection points are closed down;

- ➤ Providing support and security to ensure a sustainable cleaned drainage system after the cleaning exercise is a concern of many community engaged;
- Some members stressed the need for Alleys to be opened to allow the free flow of surface water;
- > They stressed the need for Continuous Community meetings and awareness of the Project.

The community consultations that were conducted as part of the ESMP are consistent with the objectives of ESS 10 and in alignment with the Project's approved Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP), which clearly sets out a program and method for stakeholder engagement and information disclosure throughout the period of project implementation. It is also consistent with the Freedom of Information Act of 2010, which is referenced in the SEP.

The summary of proceedings at the community consultation meetings are provided in Annex B.

7.0 Environmental and Social Mitigation and Monitoring Plan

7.1. Environmental and Social Management and Monitoring Program

The Environmental and Social management plan (ESMP) is a management tool that details

- (i) the measures to be taken during the implementation and operation of a project to eliminate or offset adverse environmental and social risks and impacts, or to reduce them to acceptable levels; and
- (ii) the actions needed to implement these measures.

Several appropriate mitigation measures are proffered for the identified and potential environmental and social risks and impacts of the proposed project and the adjoining environment in which the project is to be located.

Table 7 below describes the environmental and social management and monitoring plan which includes the actions needed to implement these measures, required all through the implementation stage of the project including the following features:

- Mitigation measures based on the potential environmental and social risks and impacts, the agencies responsible for the mitigation, the timeline, and the estimate of each of the measures
- Monitoring measures that specify parameters to be measured, the method used, the frequency of measurements, the agency responsible for the monitoring, and the associated cost for each monitoring measure.

Table 7 summarizes the potential impacts and mitigation measures, responsibilities, timeframes and budgets for the implementation of the recommendations.

Table 7: Environmental and Social Management Plan

Potential Negative Impacts	Proposed Mitigation and Management Measures	Mitigation M&E Responsibili (respon	Timefra nsibili me	Budget (US\$)
		ty and ty, comments indicate frequen	ıcy)	
ESS1: Assessment a	and Management of Environmenta	l and Social Risks and II	mpacts	
E&S risks if no adequate E&S assessment is conducted	Conduct E&S Screening and prepare ESMP	PMU Responty: WB Indicat E&S Screeni Report ESMP availabl (target:	PMU, July 2023 or: ng and	The PMU safeguards team conducted the assessmen t at no additional cost

ESS2: Labor and Working Cocupational health and safety risk — workers would be subjected to unsafe and (Imperm		PMU nity Health and Contractor		Novembe r — Decembe r 2023	No added cost
Occupational Procure health and safety risk — workers would be subjected to unsafe and (Impern	e and provide to all s on site PPE items that		E&S reports available (target: yes) Frequency: Monthly 1 Safety		
Occupational Procure health and safety risk — workers would be subjected to unsafe and (Impern	e and provide to all s on site PPE items that		l Safety		
Occupational Procure health and safety risk — workers would be subjected to unsafe and (Impern	e and provide to all s on site PPE items that				
health and safety workers risk – workers are app would be subjected hand to unsafe and (Impern	s on site PPE items that	Contractor	Dognosa;h:1:	Through	45 000 00
goggles The co occupat officer report a (inciden The OI weekly on th requirer tasks th assignm workers commun Prepare safety si Procure site Fir	s (Impermeable and cally resistant); Nose with respirators; fety boots; Safety eye s). ontractor shall recruit an tional health and safety to manage, document and all health and safety issues into and accidents) on site. HS officer shall conduct toolbox talk for workers are health and safety ments of the different nat will be included in the	In addition to ESS2 and ESS4 mentioned above, the contractor shall refer to the Project's Labor Management Procedures (LMP) for guidance in dealing with issues related to the recruitment, organization, deployment, management and remuneratio n of workers, including resolving work related complaints and grievances. The contractor shall also refer to the Project's Stakeholder Engagement	Responsibility: PMU through its E&S Team Indicator: PPE procurement receipts and evidence of use of PPE equipment available through field visit reports (target: yes) Frequency: Weekly	Througho ut the contract period	45,000.00 (for provision of hand tools and PPE items for all three lots or areas). PMU E&S monitoring will not require additional costs

Risk of gender-	The contractor and his/her	Plan (SEP) to help him/her hold meaningful consultations with workers, community members and other people who may be affected by or have interest in the project activity	Responsibili	Througho	900.00 (for signages at all critical work sites) 900.00 (for First Aid Kits for all sites) Contractor
based violence (GBV), sexual exploitation and abuse (SEA), and sexual harassment (SH) occurring at different levels among workers, and between workers and community members	workers shall sign a Code of Conduct as part of their works contract with the Project prior to starting implementation of the agreed activities GBV, SEA and SH issues shall be handled in a confidential and timely manner, using special structures (including referral pathways) established for the purpose as part of the overall Project Grievance Redress Mechanism	shall include in its workforce a GBV/Gende r Specialist who will monitor and ensure compliance to the Project's GBV Action Plan. PMU Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist will monitor to ensure that the contractor is operating in compliance with the GBV Action Plan and provide guidance for	ty: PMU through its E&S Team Indicator: GBV/Gender Specialist hired by contractor and GBV incidents reported upon in E&S reports (target: yes) Frequency: Weekly	ut the contract period	should estimate and include cost of hiring a GBV/Gende r Specialist in the contract budget; 8,750.00 to cover training costs for 300 workers; broken down as follows: 5,000.00 for participants meals; 2,250.00 for participants' transportation reimbursem ent (based on distance

		implementati on			training venue), and 1,500.00 for hall rental (two days) PMU E&S monitoring will not require additional costs
Risk of violation of workers' rights, including various forms of discrimination	Workers shall make use of the Labor Management Procedures including the Code of Conduct and the Project's Grievance Mechanism to seek redress to their grievances	Contractor and workers	Responsibili ty: PMU through its E&S Team Indicator: Workers trained in LMP and CoC (target: yes) Frequency: Monthly	Througho ut the contract period	Training on LMP and Code of Conduct to be combined with GBV and Health/Safet y trainings and carried out by the PMU. So, the abovementioned training budget covers the cost of the combined training.
Risk of community members not cooperating with the Project due to hiring of majority workers from outside the affected community	The PMU shall include clause(s) in the contract which will require contractors to utilize as much as possible the available labor within the affected communities. The PMU will also ensure that contractors have proper documentation system in place to track the performance of workers and the payments they receive for work done	Contractor	Responsibili ty: PMU through its E&S Team Indicator: Percentage of workers originating from target communities (target: 90%) Frequency: Monthly	First two months	90,000.00 to cover the payment of workers (daily hire) PMU E&S monitoring will not require additional costs
	iciency and Pollution Prevention a		t		1
Risk of soil and water contamination through improper handling, storage, transportation and	Procure and place small and medium-sized bins at selected points along each drainage channel for immediate temporary storage of the wastes being collected. Wastes collected from	Contractor	Responsibility: PMU through its E&S Team and the Project	Througho ut the contract period	Costs included in overall amount for loading, haulage and

Risk of polluted water flowing/draining into the Mesurado Wetland (Ramsar Site) during and after the drainage cleaning activities	drainage channels should NOT be placed on bare ground and near surface or ground water sources. Procure and place larger bins at major points where waste from small and medium-sized bins can be taken for pick up by vehicles for disposal at official landfill sites. To protect the Mesurado Wetland from pollution during and after the cleaning activities, the below mitigation measures will be carried out, primarily including the preparation and installation of energy dissipators and screens at selected locations from where the drainage channels drain into the wetland. Boulder rocks measuring 30.2cm to 45cm will be placed at the apron slab of the existing culverts and will serve as stormwater dissipators. The use of boulder rocks is recommended to prevent the construction of concrete structures using Portland Cement that would contaminate the wetland. The installation of energy dissipators will be done immediately after the drainage is cleaned. A screen made out of corrosion resistant materials, particularly stainless steel, will be installed to prevent debris and other pollutants from entering the Mesurado Wetland. The installation of this system will be done during the drainage cleaning activities.	Contractor	Indicator: Number of bins provided (target: to be established with contractor) Frequency: Monthly PMU	At the end of the cleaning activities	disposal of wastes from site to landfill. See estimated cost below. PMU E&S monitoring will not require additional costs 4,000.00 to cover the cost of preparation and installation of energy dissipators and screens
Risk of dewatering and stockpiling of the contaminated and foul-smelling excavated materials on the communities living alongside and in	Ensure effective communication strategy for dredging plan to communities e.g. through assemblymen, radio advertisements, PA systems, etc. When dewatering manholes, ensure that the	Contractor	PMU	Througho ut the drainage cleaning activities	5,000.00 for dewatering pump. Relevant PMU Staff

wastewater/sewage is pumped from the manhole directly to the sewage truck for onward disposal				will ensure compliance
to the Liberia Water and Sewer Corporation (LWSC) sewage system.				
Dewatering of waste should be done along the banks of the drainage, which would allow draining water to flow back into the drainage, which reduces the odour;				
Ensure proper dewatering of dredged material to prevent anaerobic conditions that could cause odours;				Relevant PMU Staff
Ensure that stockpiles of dredged materials for dewatering are not abandoned for long periods to prevent wind transport of soil particles into the environment.				will ensure compliance
Waste materials should not be left in close proximity to the drains but immediately transported to Whein Town Landfill after the dewatering process to reduce odor intensity for surrounding inhabitants;				
Ensure regular and effective housekeeping within the site in line with best practice.				
				Relevant PMU Staff will ensure compliance
	from the manhole directly to the sewage truck for onward disposal to the Liberia Water and Sewer Corporation (LWSC) sewage system. Dewatering of waste should be done along the banks of the drainage, which would allow draining water to flow back into the drainage, which reduces the odour; Ensure proper dewatering of dredged material to prevent anaerobic conditions that could cause odours; Ensure that stockpiles of dredged materials for dewatering are not abandoned for long periods to prevent wind transport of soil particles into the environment. Waste materials should not be left in close proximity to the drains but immediately transported to Whein Town Landfill after the dewatering process to reduce odor intensity for surrounding inhabitants; Ensure regular and effective housekeeping within the site in	from the manhole directly to the sewage truck for onward disposal to the Liberia Water and Sewer Corporation (LWSC) sewage system. Dewatering of waste should be done along the banks of the drainage, which would allow draining water to flow back into the drainage, which reduces the odour; Ensure proper dewatering of dredged material to prevent anaerobic conditions that could cause odours; Ensure that stockpiles of dredged materials for dewatering are not abandoned for long periods to prevent wind transport of soil particles into the environment. Waste materials should not be left in close proximity to the drains but immediately transported to Whein Town Landfill after the dewatering process to reduce odor intensity for surrounding inhabitants; Ensure regular and effective housekeeping within the site in	from the manhole directly to the sewage truck for onward disposal to the Liberia Water and Sewer Corporation (LWSC) sewage system. Dewatering of waste should be done along the banks of the drainage, which would allow draining water to flow back into the drainage, which reduces the odour; Ensure proper dewatering of dredged material to prevent anaerobic conditions that could cause odours; Ensure that stockpiles of dredged materials for dewatering are not abandoned for long periods to prevent wind transport of soil particles into the environment. Waste materials should not be left in close proximity to the drains but immediately transported to Whein Town Landfill after the dewatering process to reduce odor intensity for surrounding inhabitants; Ensure regular and effective housekeeping within the site in	from the manhole directly to the sewage truck for onward disposal to the Liberia Water and Sewer Corporation (LWSC) sewage system. Dewatering of waste should be done along the banks of the drainage, which would allow draining water to flow back into the drainage, which reduces the odour; Ensure proper dewatering of dredged material to prevent anaerobic conditions that could cause odours; Ensure that stockpiles of dredged materials for dewatering are not abandoned for long periods to prevent wind transport of soil particles into the environment. Waste materials should not be left in close proximity to the drains but immediately transported to Whein Town Landfill after the dewatering process to reduce odor intensity for surrounding inhabitants; Ensure regular and effective housekeeping within the site in

			T		
Risk of air pollution	Procure and supply nose mask to workers while on site Fumigate drainage sites before and after cleaning activities	Contractor	Responsibili ty: PMU through its E&S Team Indicator: Compliance checks demonstrate that nose masks and fumigation is conducted (target: yes) Frequency: Weekly	Regular intervals during contract period	5,000.00 to cover the cost of fumigation services
Risk of silts and debris removed from the drainages being dumped illegally.	Create awareness amongst the workers on the proper and safe disposal of waste Get the support of MCC and PCC to effectively and efficiently manage the disposal of collected waste at Whein Town Landfill Count the number of trucks dumping at Whein Town and ensure payment to the respective service provider is made on the basis of the number of trips made.	Contractor	Responsibili ty: PMU through its E&S team Indicator: Percentage of trucks dumping waste at Whein Town landfill (target: 100%) Frequency: Weekly	Througho ut the contract period	covers the costs of truck hire, the loading, haulage and disposal of waste to the designated landfill PMU E&S monitoring will not require additional costs
Risk of identifying and not adequately handling any potential contaminated materials/sediment/silt.	To collect, transport, process and treat the contaminated waste identified/collected from the drains To safely dispose of treated contaminated waste in an environmentally sound manner. To ensure the environment, public and workers are protected from harm or injury in the process etc.	Contractor	Responsibili ty: PMU through its E&S team Indicator: Identification of contaminated waste reported to PMU and agreement on safe waste disposal reached (target: yes)	Througho ut the contract period	

			Frequency:		
			Weekly		
ESS4: Community	Health and Safety	1		l	
Risk of community exposure to harmful project-related activities, vehicles (trucks – road safety risks), diseases and contaminated materials	Prepare and place clear warning and safety signages in all critical work zones Barricade sensitive or dangerous areas and/or equipment within the work zone to prevent community exposure to danger and harm Carry out community awareness and education campaign Keep and refer to the Emergency Response Plan as regularly as may be necessary to promptly address any emergency situation that may occur on site.	Contractor	Responsibility: PMU through its E&S team Indicator: Emergency response plan in place; Number and nature of incidents and accidents reported	Througho ut the contract period	Costs of signages and first aid kits are provided above
ESS8: Cultural Her	itage	1			
Risk of destroying cultural heritage site	No cultural properties will be affected as the work area is limited to the drainage channels. However, if any items of cultural value are accidentally found, the work shall be halted and the finding reported to the proper authority.	Contractor	Responsibili ty: PMU through its E&S team Indicator: Finding of items of cultural values reported, and mitigation measures identified (target: yes) Frequency: Monthly	Througho ut the contract period	N/A
	r Engagement and Information Dis		DMIT	Tri 1	15 450 00 :
Risk of ignoring stakeholders and their engagement regarding project implementation	In accordance with the SEP, ensure that consultations with stakeholders are planned and carried out at regular intervals throughout the contract period	Contractor	PMU through its E&S Team Indicator: Number and nature of consultation s held Frequency:	Througho ut the contract period	15,450.00 to cover the costs of water, soft drink and snacks for participants during consultation meetings
			Three times - before,		

	during and at end of contract	
TOTAL COST	, 2000	285,375.00

In summary, most mitigation measures shall be carried out by the contractors who will be required to include respective costs in their financial proposals. The existing LURP operational budget covers for the staff and transportation costs of the PMU E&S staff. As indicated in the above matrix, the estimated cost of training the contractors and their workers (about 300 workers) is \$8,750.00. The training will cover health and safety, GBV, labor management procedures and grievance redress. However, if the training should only be provided to the contractors and their key staff (training of trainers) who will thereafter train the workers, then this estimated cost will substantially reduce. The cost of training should be included in the overall cost of the quick win drainage cleaning activity, and should NOT be taken from the Project's operational budget.

7.2 Institutional Arrangements

The PMU

The PMU will have the overall responsibility for the implementation and monitoring of the ESMP. It will fulfill this responsibility through its E&S specialists, who will supervise the contractors' work to ensure compliance with the ESHS requirements of the project generally, and the ESMP particularly.

The E&S specialists will investigate and report all incidents/accidents reported to occur on site – either involving workers or community dwellers. The E&S specialists will supervise the contractor's ESHS specialist

Information gathered from site monitoring of the ESMP implementation shall be disclosed through periodic reports that will be produced and shared by the PMU with the project stakeholders.

Both the Grievance Mechanism which is part of the Stakeholder Engagement Plan and the overall Project Grievance Redress Mechanism (which is still in a draft form) will be used to receive, address, document and report all grievances/complaints related to the subproject implementation activities.

The Contractors

The contractors will be responsible for the implementation of all management and mitigation measures laid out in the ESMP to address work related environmental, social, health and safety risks and impacts. This responsibility will require the contractor to have in place dedicated environmental, social, health and safety specialist(s) to coordinate, monitor, document and report all ESHS issues and to ensure that the contractor implement the mitigation measures described in the ESMP and the contractor's site-specific management plans. The dedicated contractors' ESHS

specialists will also conduct periodic (weekly) toolbox talk for workers on the inherent health and safety risks of waste-filled and highly polluted drainage channels.

7.3 Capacity Building

The PMU will organize and conduct capacity building training for the contractors, their site engineers, environmental, social and safety officers and workers during the initial stages of implementation of the assigned works. The training will, inter alia, sensitize them on: a) the Bank's ESF,b) the management of environmental, social, health and safety risks associated with the execution of the works, including the safe removal, handling and disposal of wastes, and c) the provisions of the ESMP and the M&E/reporting responsibilities of the contractor. The training program will help build and/or strengthen the requisite capacities within the contactors' organizations. The PMU will use its E&S staff to provide the capacity building training. Such training will be provided periodically as may be deemed necessary throughout the subproject implementation period.

7.3. Contractual Measures

The risks and mitigation measures identified as part of this ESMP are to be included in the contract and used to monitor the environmental and social performance of the contractor. All mitigation measures for the cleaning activities are the obligations of the Contractor during all phases of project implementation. Therefore, provision should be made in the tender documents to conveniently address all the mitigation measures, with appropriate flexibility to adjust these measures to site circumstances.

7.4. GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM (GRM)

Grievance/complaint cases shall be handled and managed using the grievance procedures outlined in the Project's Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP). The SEP itself will be used as part of the grievance redress tool for engaging workers and community stakeholders during the quick win draining cleaning activity. The contractor's health and safety officer assigned on site will be responsible to receive, register and report workers' grievances/complaints, and incidents and accidents.

7.5. IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Activity	Timeframe	Responsible
Prepare E&S Screening and	April – July 2023	PMU
ESMP	-	
Recruit contractors (signing	October 31, 2023	PMU

of contract)		
Mobilization and Training of	Week of 16 th October, 2023	PMU
contractors/workers		
Implement subproject	November-December, 2023	PMU
Monitor subproject	November-December, 2023	PMU
Final reporting	December 31, 2023	PMU

8.0 Conclusion

The E&S category under which the drainage cleaning activity falls is B, which means the environmental and social risks and impacts of the works are moderate, largely limited to the project sites, and easily amendable to the application of sound mitigation and management measures.

Overall, the benefit of temporary jobs creation for community dwellers, a significantly reduced flooding incident and a sanitary environment in the project communities far outweigh the moderate negative impacts that can be managed and offset through mitigation measures.

Annexes

ANNEX A: Environmental and Social Screening Forms

Environmental and Social Screening for Water Side – Old Cat Building -West Point Beach and all Soni Wein Drainage Channels: Newport- Redemption Road, Ministry of Public Works Backgate-Soni Wien, Buchanna Street – Soni Wien Drainage, Randall-Carey-Benson-Gurley-Center Streets, UL Capitol Bye-Pass-Perry Street Intersection

Please type or print clearly, completing this form in its entirety. You may provide additional information on a separate sheet of paper if necessary. This will guide in the identification and categorization of the project accordingly.

project accordingly.	
Component under LURP	Component One (1)
Name of Subproject	Quick Win (Drainage Cleaning)
Project Objective	To enhance Environmental Sanitation
Expected Commencement Date	N/A
Proposed Main Project Activities	Removal of Waste and Silt from drainage channels
Location (District, Community)	Water Side-Old Cat Building -West Point Beach and all Soni Wein Drainage Channels under Central Monrovia area
Name of Evaluator	Harriett Peal-Keamu (Environmental Specialist-LURP) & Stephen Kolee (Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist)

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The Project activities consist of the cleaning of drainage channels in the Central and Greater Monrovia areas as quick win activities. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to the MCC operated landfill in Whein Town (northern Paynesville).

EMPLOYEES AND LABORERS

Number Employee				be	employed:	During Cons	truction	During /Mainte		Operation
FULL-TIM	E							-1		
PART-TIM	E/Te	emporary	•					50 P	ersons	

DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS THAT COULD BE IMPLEMENTED

Briefly describe the type and nature or type of the project at the site:

Side – Old Cat Building to Wes above. The cleaning will involve	consist of the cleaning of drainage char t Point Beach and all Soniwein Drainage e the manual removal of wastes from I of the collected wastes to Whein To	e Channels as shown on the Title the drainage, desilting, shoulder
List the type and quantity of rav	v materials to be used in the project and	I highlight their sources
Material/Tools/Equipment	Quantity	Source
POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL I	MPACTS	
Please indicate environmental i	mpacts that may occur as a result of the	proposed project.
A. The Biological Environment		
The Natural Environment		
	a and fauna in the project area and in ., downstream areas, access roads):	the entire area expected to be
Will the project directly or indir	ectly affect?	_
Natural forest types? No		
Swamps? No		
Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swa	imps, seasonally inundated areas)? No	

Are there according to background research/observations any threatened/ endemic species in the project area that could be affected by the project?

Other habitats of threatened species that require protection under Liberia laws and/or international

Natural critical habitats (parks, protected areas)? No

agreements?

YES _____ NO ___**X**____

YES NO X
Will vegetation be cleared? If yes, please state the distance/length of affected area
YES NO X
Will there be any potential risk of habitat fragmentation due to the clearing activities?
YESNO X
Will the project lead to a change in access, leading to an increase in the risk of depleting biodiversity resources?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:
Protected Areas
Does the subproject area or do subproject activities?
Occur within or adjacent to any designated protected areas?
YES NO X
Affect any protected area downstream of the project?
YES NO X
Affect any ecological corridors used by migratory or nomadic species located between any protected areas or between important natural habitats (protected or not) (e.g., mammals or birds)?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:
Invasive Species
Is the sub-project likely to result in the dispersion of or increase in the population of invasive plants or animals (e.g., along distribution lines)?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for a "yes" answer:
B. The Physical Environment
Geology/Soils
Will slope or soil stability be affected by the project? YES NO X

Will the subproject cause physical changes in the project area (e.g., changes to the topography)? YES NOX
Will local resources, such as rocks, wood, sand, gravel be used?
YES NO X
Could the subproject potentially cause an increase in soil salinity in or downstream the project area? YES NOX
Could the soil exposed due to the project potentially lead to an increase in lixiviation of metals, clay sediments, or organic materials? YES NOX
Landscape / Aesthetics
Is there a possibility that the sub-project will adversely affect the aesthetics of the landscape?
YES NO X
Pollution
Will the sub-project use or store dangerous substances (e.g., large quantities of hydrocarbons)? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce harmful substances? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce solid or liquid wastes? YESX NO (The activities will produce Solid Waste that will be removed from the drainage channels)
Will the subproject cause air pollution? YES NO X
Will the subproject generate noise? YES NOX
Will the subproject generate electromagnetic emissions? YES NOX
Will the subproject release pollutants into the environment? YES NOX
C. The Social Environment
Land Use, Resettlement, and/or Land Acquisition
Describe existing land uses on and around the sub-project area (e.g., community facilities, agriculture, tourism, private property, or hunting areas):
Are there any land use plans on or near the sub-project location, which will be negatively affected by subproject implementation? YES NOX
Are there any areas on or near the subproject location, which are densely populated which could be affected by the sub-project? YES NOX 45

	-	accidents? How will accidents be managed, when to on health, safety and risk management, and establis system on all	-
How will the project r	minimize risk of HIV/Aids?	? By conducting regular HIV/AIDS awareness	
	ely to safeguard worker ues)? YESX NO	's health and safety and public safety (e.g., occupa	ational
Occupational Health	and Safety, Health, Welf	fare, Employment, and Gender	
Any other assets/reso	ources? No		
Household infrastruct	ture? No		
Fruit trees / coconut ¡	palms? No		
Crops? No			
Will the subproject re	esult in the permanent or	temporary loss of?	
Loss of Crops, Fruit Ti	rees, and Household Infr	rastructure	
Comm	unity Residents		
		ources/infrastructures in the subproject area?	
YES NO X	_		
area (for a long-time	period and in large numb	rkers or other people moving into or having access pers compared to permanent residents)?	to the
YES NO X	_		
		ompensation of any residents, including squatters?	
YES NO X			
Will the sub-project re	estrict people's access to	land or natural resources?	
YES NO X	_		
Will there be addition	nal demands on local wate	er supplies or other local resources?	
Will the sub-projectNOX	affect any resources that	at local people take from the natural environmen	ıt? YES
Will there be a loss of	f livelihoods among the p	opulation? YES NO X	
YES NO X			
Are there sensitive lar			

Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:

According to the revised concept note for this Quick win activity, "The mobilization of labor and other resources which is a key component of the community engagement activities will be incorporated under a service contract with qualified construction Firms. However, the PMU will provide oversight and ensure that the Communities are prioritized in the labor mobilization. Additionally, the Contractor will enter a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the community leaders that encapsulates labor arrangements. As the project is community-driven, the team will ensure the full involvement of the communities in the work and related activities".

Historical, Archaeological, or Cultural Heritage Sites

Based on available sources, consultation with local authorities, local knowledge and/or observations could the sub-project alter?
Historical heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NOX
Archaeological heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Cultural heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Graves, or sacred locations (e.g., fetish trees or stones) or require excavations near the same?
YES NO X
N.B For all affirmative answers (YES) Provide description, possible alternatives reviewed and/or

RECOMMENDATIONS

Environmental category: (tick where applicable)

Category	Justification
Does not require further environmental or social studies	
Requires submission of only a Project Brief	
Requires a full ESIA to be submitted on date	
	As a temporary activity involving the use of labor-based method with basic hand tools to carry out the cleaning of drainage channels which won't cause any major adverse impact to the surrounding communities but will promote community cleanliness and reduce the risk to public health, flooding and poor sanitation significantly, there won't be a need to prepare an ESIA or other detailed E&S management documents.
	However, it is recommended that a short and simple

	E&S management plan be prepared to guide the
	contractor in carrying out the agreed activities, as well
	as to ensure safety of people and the environment and
	compliance with the requirements of the Project's
	Environmental and Social Management Framework
	(ESMF) and the Bank's Environmental and Social
	Framework (ESF) and its associated Environmental and
	Social Standards (ESSs) that may be relevant or
	applicable to any aspects of the planned activities.
Requires a RP to be submitted on date	
Requires an Indigenous Peoples Plan (IPP)	
Requires a Physical Cultural Resources Plan	

CERTIFICATION

We certify that we have thoroughly examined all the potential adverse effects of this subproject.
Reviewer:
Name:
Signature:
Date:

Environmental and Social Screening for Clara Town-Paity Town-Freeport-Doe Community-Du River

Please type or print clearly, completing this form in its entirety. You may provide additional information on a separate sheet of paper if necessary. This will guide in the identification and categorization of the project accordingly.

Component under LURP	Component One (1)
Name of Subproject	Quick Win (Drainage Cleaning)
Project Objective	To enhance environmental sanitation
Expected Commencement Date	N/A
Proposed Main Project Activities	Removal of Waste and Silt from drainage channels
Location (District, Community)	Clara Town-Paity Town-Freeport-Doe Community-Du River under Bushrod Island
Name of Evaluator	Harriett Peal-Keamu (Environmental Specialist-LURP) & Stephen Kolee (Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist)

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The Project activities consist of the cleaning of drainage channels in the Central and Greater Monrovia areas as quick win activities. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to the MCC operated landfill in Whein Town (northern Paynesville).

EMPLOYEES AND LABORERS

Number Employee				be	employed:	During Co	onstruction	During /Mainte		Operation
FULL-TIM	E									
PART-TIM	E /Te	emporary	1					50 P	ersons	

DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS THAT COULD BE IMPLEMENTED

Briefly describe the type and nature or type of the project at the site:

The work activities on this site consist of the cleaning of drainage channels along the route from Clara Town to Paity Town to freeport to Doe Community to the Du River. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to Whein Town Landfill located in Northern Paynesville City.

List the type and	l quantity o	f raw materials to	be used in the pro	ject and highlig	ht their sources

Material/Tools/Equipment	Quantity	Source
POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL II	MPACTS	
Please indicate environmental in	mpacts that may occur as a result of the	proposed project.
A. The Biological Environment		
The Natural Environment		
	and fauna in the project area and in , downstream areas, access roads):	the entire area expected to be
Will the project directly or indire	ectly affect?	
Natural forest types? No		
Swamps? No		
Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swa	mps, seasonally inundated areas)? No	
Natural critical habitats (parks, p	protected areas)? No	
Other habitats of threatened s agreements?	pecies that require protection under L	iberia laws and/or international
YES NO X		
Are there according to backgr project area that could be affect	ound research/observations any threa ed by the project?	tened/ endemic species in the
YES NO X		
Will vegetation be cleared? If ye	s, please state the distance/length of aff	fected area
YES NO X		

Will there be any potential risk of habitat fragmentation due to the clearing activities?

YES	NO	X
Will the proresources?	oject lead	d to a change in access, leading to an increase in the risk of depleting biodiversity
YES	NO	x
Provide an	additiona	al description for "yes" answers:
		
Protected A	Areas	
Do the subp	oroject ar	rea or do subproject activities:
Occur withi	n or adja	cent to any designated protected areas?
YES	NO)	
Affect any p	orotected	area downstream of the project?
YES	NO)	(
•	•	al corridors used by migratory or nomadic species located between any protected aportant natural habitats (protected or not) (e.g., mammals or birds)?
YES	NO)	<
Provide an	additiona	al description for "yes" answers:
Invasive Sp	ecies	
	-	kely to result in the dispersion of or increase in the population of invasive plants or distribution lines)?
YES	NO	C
Provide an	additiona	al description for a "yes" answer:
B. The Phys	sical Envi	ronment
Geology/So	oils	
Will slope o	r soil sta	bility be affected by the project? YES NOX
Will the sul		cause physical changes in the project area (e.g., changes to the topography)? YES
Will local re	sources,	such as rocks, wood, sand, gravel be used?
YES N	o x	

Could the subproject potentially cause an increase in soil salinity in or downstream the project area? YES NOX
Could the soil exposed due to the project potentially lead to an increase in lixiviation of metals, clay sediments, or organic materials? YES NOX
Landscape / Aesthetics
Is there a possibility that the sub-project will adversely affect the aesthetics of the landscape?
YES NOX
Pollution
Will the sub-project use or store dangerous substances (e.g., large quantities of hydrocarbons)? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce harmful substances? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce solid or liquid wastes? YESX NO (The activities will produce Waste that will be removed from the drainage channels)
Will the subproject cause air pollution? YES NO X
Will the subproject generate noise? YES NOX
Will the subproject generate electromagnetic emissions? YES NOX
Will the subproject release pollutants into the environment? YES NOX
C. The Social Environment
Land Use, Resettlement, and/or Land Acquisition
Describe existing land uses on and around the sub-project area (e.g., community facilities, agriculture, tourism, private property, or hunting areas):
Are there any land use plans on or near the sub-project location, which will be negatively affected by subproject implementation? YES NOX
Are there any areas on or near the subproject location, which are densely populated which could be affected by the sub-project? YES $___$ NO $_X$ $__$
Are there sensitive land uses near the project area (e.g., hospitals, schools)?
YES NO X
Will there be a loss of livelihoods among the population? YES NO X

Will the sub-project affect any resources that local people take from the natural environment? YES NOX
Will there be additional demands on local water supplies or other local resources?
YES NO X
Will the sub-project restrict people's access to land or natural resources?
YES NO X
Will the project require resettlement and/or compensation of any residents, including squatters?
YES NO X
Will the subproject result in construction workers or other people moving into or having access to the area (for a long-time period and in large numbers compared to permanent residents)?
YES NO X
Who is/are the present owner(s)/users of resources/infrastructures in the subproject area?
Community Residents
Loss of Crops, Fruit Trees, and Household Infrastructure
Will the subproject result in the permanent or temporary loss of?
Crops? No
Fruit trees / coconut palms? No
Household infrastructure? No
Any other assets/resources? No
Occupational Health and Safety, Health, Welfare, Employment, and Gender
Is the sub-project likely to safeguard worker's health and safety and public safety (e.g., occupational health and safety issues)? YES \underline{X} NO \underline{X}
How will the project minimize risk of HIV/Aids? By conducting regular HIV/AIDS awareness
How will the sub-project minimize the risk of accidents? How will accidents be managed, when they do occur? By carrying out regular safety box talk on health, safety and risk management, and establishing a First Aid system on all sites.
Is the project likely to provide local employment opportunities, including employment opportunities for women? YESX NO
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:

According to the revised concept note for this Quick win activity, "The mobilization of labor and other resources which is a key component of the community engagement activities will be incorporated under 53

a service contract with qualified construction Firms. However, the PMU will provide oversight and ensure that the Communities are prioritized in the labor mobilization. Additionally, the Contractor will enter a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the community leaders that encapsulates labor arrangements. As the project is community-driven, the team will ensure the full involvement of the communities in the work and related activities".

Historical, Archaeological, or Cultural Heritage Sites

Based on available sources, consultation with local authorities, local knowledge and/or observations, could the sub-project alter?
Historical heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NOX
Archaeological heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Cultural heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Graves, or sacred locations (e.g., fetish trees or stones) or require excavations near the same?
YES NO X
N.B For all affirmative answers (YES) Provide description, possible alternatives reviewed and/or appropriate mitigating measures.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Environmental category: (tick where applicable)

Category	Justification
Does not require further environmental or social studies	
Requires submission of only a Project Brief	
Requires a full ESIA to be submitted on date	
Requires an ESMP to be submitted on date	As a temporary activity involving the use of labor-based method with basic hand tools to carry out the cleaning of the drainage channels which won't cause any major adverse impact to the surrounding communities but will promote community cleanliness and reduce the risk to public health, flooding and poor sanitation significantly, there won't be a need to prepare an ESIA or other detailed E&S management documents.
	However, it is recommended that a short and simple E&S management plan be prepared to guide the contractor in carrying out the agreed activities, as well as to ensure safety of people and the environment and compliance with the requirements of the Project's

	Environmental and Social Management Framework
	(ESMF) and the Bank's Environmental and Social
	Framework (ESF) and its associated Environmental and
	Social Standards (ESSs) that may be relevant or
	applicable to any aspects of the planned activities.
Requires a RP to be submitted on date	
Requires an Indigenous Peoples Plan (IPP)	
Requires a Physical Cultural Resources Plan	

CERTIFICATION

We certify that we have thoroughly examined all the potential adverse effects of this subproject.
Reviewer: Environmental Specialist & Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist
Name: Harriett Peal-Keamu & Stephen A. Kolee
Signature:
Date:

Environmental and Social Screening for Drainage Channels assessed in Monrovia area: 12th Street-19th Street – Fiamah-Weasay, Divine Town- Bernard Beach, Small Town- Behind Catholic Hospital

Please type or print clearly, completing this form in its entirety. You may provide additional information on a separate sheet of paper if necessary. This will guide in the identification and categorization of the project accordingly.

Component under LURP	Component One (1)
Name of Subproject	Quick Wins (Drainage Cleaning)
Project Objective	To enhance environmental sanitation
Expected Commencement Date	N/A
Proposed Main Project Activities	Removal of Waste and Silt from drainage corridor
Location (District, Community)	Central Monrovia area as listed in the Title above
Name of Evaluator	Harriett Peal-Keamu (Environmental Specialist-LURP) & Stephen Kolee (Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist)

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The Project activities consist of the cleaning of drainage channels in the Central and Greater Monrovia areas as quick win activities. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to the MCC operated landfill in Whein Town (northern Paynesville).

EMPLOYEES AND LABORERS

Number Employee				be	employed:	During Construction		During /Mainte		Operation
FULL-TIM	E						-			
PART-TIM	E/T	emporary	,					35 P	ersons	

DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS THAT COULD BE IMPLEMENTED

Briefly describe the type and nature or type of the project at the site:

The work activities on this site consist of the cleaning of drainage channels along the route from 12th Street to 19th Street leading up to Fiamah-Weasay, and from Divine Town to Bernard's Beach community in Small Town to the drainage Behind Catholic Hospital. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to Whein Town Landfill located in Northern Paynesville City.

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List the ty	ne and o	guantity	of raw	materials	to be	used in	the pro	iect and	highlight	their sources
,	PC 4114 1	9 44 ,	0	acciais		45 C 4 11 1	C C P . C	ject alla		tileii soaitees

Material/Tools/Equipment	Quantity	Source
POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL I	MPACTS	
Please indicate environmental i	mpacts that may occur as a result of the	proposed project.
A. The Biological Environment		
The Natural Environment		
	a and fauna in the project area and in ., downstream areas, access roads):	the entire area expected to be
Will the project directly or indir	ectly affect?	
Will the project directly or indir Natural forest types? No	ectly affect?	
	ectly affect?	
Natural forest types? No Swamps? No	ectly affect? amps, seasonally inundated areas)? No	
Natural forest types? No Swamps? No	amps, seasonally inundated areas)? No	
Natural forest types? No Swamps? No Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swands) Natural critical habitats (parks,	amps, seasonally inundated areas)? No	iberia laws and/or international
Natural forest types? No Swamps? No Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swandsward critical habitats (parks, Other habitats of threatened states)	amps, seasonally inundated areas)? No protected areas)? No	iberia laws and/or international
Natural forest types? No Swamps? No Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swands and critical habitats (parks, other habitats of threatened sagreements? YES NOX	amps, seasonally inundated areas)? No protected areas)? No species that require protection under L round research/observations any threa	
Natural forest types? No Swamps? No Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swands and critical habitats (parks, other habitats of threatened sagreements? YES NOX Are there according to backg	amps, seasonally inundated areas)? No protected areas)? No species that require protection under L round research/observations any threa	
Natural forest types? No Swamps? No Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swands) Natural critical habitats (parks, other habitats of threatened sagreements? YESNOX Are there according to backgoroject area that could be affected. YESNOX	amps, seasonally inundated areas)? No protected areas)? No species that require protection under L round research/observations any threa	itened/ endemic species in the

Will there be any potential risk of habitat fragmentation due to the clearing activities?

YES	NO _	X
Will the p	-	d to a change in access, leading to an increase in the risk of depleting biodiversity
YES	NO	x
Provide ar	n additiona	al description for "yes" answers:
Protected	Areas	
Do the sub	oproject a	rea or do subproject activities:
Occur with	nin or adja	cent to any designated protected areas?
YES	_ NO	
Affect any	protected	d area downstream of the project?
YES	_ NO	
•	•	al corridors used by migratory or nomadic species located between any protected apportant natural habitats (protected or not) (e.g., mammals or birds)?
YES	_ NO	(
Provide ar	n additiona	al description for "yes" answers:
Invasive S	pecies	
		kely to result in the dispersion of or increase in the population of invasive plants or distribution lines)?
YES	_ NO	c
Provide ar	n addition	al description for a "yes" answer:
B. The Phy	sical Envi	ronment
Geology/S	Soils	
Will slope	or soil sta	bility be affected by the project? YES NOX
	ubproject X	cause physical changes in the project area (e.g., changes to the topography)? YES
Will local r	esources,	such as rocks, wood, sand, gravel be used?
YES 1	NOX	

Could the subproject potentially cause an increase in soil salinity in or downstream the project area? YES NOX
Could the soil exposed due to the project potentially lead to an increase in lixiviation of metals, clay sediments, or organic materials? YES NOX
Landscape / Aesthetics
Is there a possibility that the sub-project will adversely affect the aesthetics of the landscape?
YES NO X
Pollution
Will the sub-project use or store dangerous substances (e.g., large quantities of hydrocarbons)? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce harmful substances? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce solid or liquid wastes? YES NO
Will the subproject cause air pollution? YES NO
Will the subproject generate noise? YES NOX
Will the subproject generate electromagnetic emissions? YES NOX
Will the subproject release pollutants into the environment? YES NOX
C. The Social Environment
Land Use, Resettlement, and/or Land Acquisition
Describe existing land uses on and around the sub-project area (e.g., community facilities, agriculture, tourism, private property, or hunting areas):
Are there any land use plans on or near the sub-project location, which will be negatively affected by subproject implementation? YES NOX
Are there any areas on or near the subproject location, which are densely populated which could be affected by the sub-project? YES NOX
Are there sensitive land uses near the project area (e.g., hospitals, schools)?
YES NO X
Will there be a loss of livelihoods among the population? YES NOX

Will the sub-project affect any resources that local people take from the natural environment? YES $___NO __X$
Will there be additional demands on local water supplies or other local resources?
YES NO X
Will the sub-project restrict people's access to land or natural resources?
YES NO X
Will the project require resettlement and/or compensation of any residents, including squatters?
YES NO X
Will the subproject result in construction workers or other people moving into or having access to the area (for a long-time period and in large numbers compared to permanent residents)?
YES NO X
Who is/are the present owner(s)/users of resources/infrastructures in the subproject area?
Community Residents
Loss of Crops, Fruit Trees, and Household Infrastructure
Will the subproject result in the permanent or temporary loss of?
Crops? No
Fruit trees / coconut palms? No
Household infrastructure? No
Any other assets/resources? No
Occupational Health and Safety, Health, Welfare, Employment, and Gender
Is the sub-project likely to safeguard worker's health and safety and public safety (e.g., occupational health and safety issues)? YES X NO X
How will the project minimize risk of HIV/Aids? By conducting regular HIV/AIDS awareness
How will the sub-project minimize the risk of accidents? How will accidents be managed, when they do occur? By carrying out regular safety box talk on health, safety and risk management, and establishing
a First Aid system on all sites.
Is the project likely to provide local employment opportunities, including employment opportunities for women? YESX NO
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:

According to the revised concept note for this Quick win activity, "The mobilization of labor and other resources which is a key component of the community engagement activities will be incorporated under 60

a service contract with qualified construction Firms. However, the PMU will provide oversight and ensure that the Communities are prioritized in the labor mobilization. Additionally, the Contractor will enter a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the community leaders that encapsulates labor arrangements. As the project is community-driven, the team will ensure the full involvement of the communities in the work and related activities".

Based on available sources, consultation with local authorities, local knowledge and/or observations, could the sub-project alter?
Historical heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NOX
Archaeological heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Cultural heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Graves, or sacred locations (e.g., fetish trees or stones) or require excavations near the same?
YES NO X
N.B For all affirmative answers (YES) Provide description, possible alternatives reviewed and/or appropriate mitigating measures.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Environmental category: (tick where applicable)

Category	Justification
Does not require further environmental social studies	or
Requires submission of only a Project Brief	
Requires a full ESIA to be submitted on date	
Requires an ESMP to be submitted on date	As a temporary activity involving the use of labor-based method with basic hand tools to carry out the cleaning, there won't be a need to prepare an ESIA. However, it is recommended that a short and simple management plan be prepared to guide the contractor in carrying out the agreed activities, as well as to ensure safety of people and the environment and compliance with the requirements of the Project's Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) and the Bank's Environmental and Social Framework (ESF) and its associated Environmental and Social Standards (ESSs) that may be relevant or applicable to any aspects of the planned activities.
Requires a RP to be submitted on date	
Requires an Indigenous Peoples Plan (IPP)	

Requires a Physical Cultural Resources Plan	

CERTIFICATION
We certify that we have thoroughly examined all the potential adverse effects of this subproject.
Reviewer: Environmental Specialist & Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist
Name: Harriett Peal-Keamu & Stephen A. Kolee
Signature:
Date:

Environmental and Social Screening for Drainage Channels assessed in Paynesville area: Kpelleh Town-SD Cooper Road, Sand Town -AB Tolbert Road and SD Cooper Road-Car Wash-SKD 72nd Blvd

Please type or print clearly, completing this form in its entirety. You may provide additional information on a separate sheet of paper if necessary. This will guide in the identification and categorization of the project accordingly.

Component under LURP	Component One (1)	
Name of Subproject	Quick Wins (Drainage Cleaning)	
Project Objective	To enhance Environmental Sanitation and reduce flooding	
Expected Commencement Date	N/A	
Proposed Main Project Activities	Removal of Waste and Silt from drainage channels	
Location (District, Community)	SD Cooper Road-Car Wash- SKD 72nd Blvd, Kpelleh Town-SD Cooper Road, and Sand Town -AB Tolbert Road in Paynesville	
Name of Evaluator	Harriett Peal-Keamu (Environmental Specialist-LURP) & Stephen Kolee (Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist)	

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The Project activities consist of the cleaning of drainage channels in the Central and Greater Monrovia areas as quick win activities. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainages, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to the MCC operated landfill in Whein Town (northern Paynesville).

EMPLOYEES AND LABORERS

Number Employee				be	employed:	During Con	struction	During /Mainte		Operation
FULL-TIM	E					ı		1		
PART-TIN	E/T	emporary	У						80 Per	sons

DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS THAT COULD BE IMPLEMENTED

Briefly describe the type and nature or type of the project at the site:

The work activities on this site consist of the cleaning of drainage channels along the route from SKD 72nd Blvd-Car Wash-SD Cooper Road-Kpelleh Town-Sand Town -AB Tolbert Road within the Paynesville area. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to Whein Town Landfill located in Northern Paynesville City.

Material	Quantity	Source
POTENTIAL ENVIRONM	MENTAL IMPACTS	
Please indicate enviror	nmental impacts that may occur as	a result of the proposed project.
A. The Biological Envir	onment	
The Natural Environm	ent	
	and flora and fauna in the proje oject (e.g., downstream areas, acco	ct area and in the entire area expected to be ess roads):
Will the project directl	y or indirectly affect?	
Natural forest types? N	No	
Swamps? No		
Wetlands (i.e., lakes, ri	vers, swamps, seasonally inundate	ed areas)? No
Natural critical habitat	s (parks, protected areas)? No	
Other habitats of threagreements?	eatened species that require prot	ection under Liberia laws and/or internationa
/ES NO)	(
	to background research/observat l be affected by the project?	ions any threatened/ endemic species in the
/ES NO	_X	
Will vegetation be clea	red? If yes, please state the distan	ce/length of affected area
/ES NO	_X	

Will there be any potential risk of habitat fragmentation due to the clearing activities?
YES NO X
Will the project lead to a change in access, leading to an increase in the risk of depleting biodiversity resources?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:

Protected Areas
Do the subproject area or do subproject activities:
Occur within or adjacent to any designated protected areas?
YES NO X
Affect any protected area downstream of the project?
YES NO X
Affect any ecological corridors used by migratory or nomadic species located between any protected areas or between important natural habitats (protected or not) (e.g., mammals or birds)?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:
Invasive Species
Is the sub-project likely to result in the dispersion of or increase in the population of invasive plants or animals (e.g., along distribution lines)?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for a "yes" answer:
B. The Physical Environment
Geology/Soils
Will slope or soil stability be affected by the project? YES NOX
Will the subproject cause physical changes in the project area (e.g., changes to the topography)? YES $___$ NO $__X$
Will local resources, such as rocks, wood, sand, gravel be used?
YES NO X

Could the subproject potentially cause an increase in soil salinity in or downstream the project area? YES NOX
Could the soil exposed due to the project potentially lead to an increase in lixiviation of metals, clay sediments, or organic materials? YES NOX
Landscape / Aesthetics
Is there a possibility that the sub-project will adversely affect the aesthetics of the landscape?
YES NO X
Pollution
Will the sub-project use or store dangerous substances (e.g., large quantities of hydrocarbons)? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce harmful substances? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce solid or liquid wastes? YES NO
Will the subproject cause air pollution? YES NO
Will the subproject generate noise? YES NOX
Will the subproject generate electromagnetic emissions? YES NOX
Will the subproject release pollutants into the environment? YES NOX
C. The Social Environment
Land Use, Resettlement, and/or Land Acquisition
Describe existing land uses on and around the sub-project area (e.g., community facilities, agriculture, tourism, private property, or hunting areas):
Are there any land use plans on or near the sub-project location, which will be negatively affected by subproject implementation? YES NOX
Are there any areas on or near the subproject location, which are densely populated which could be affected by the sub-project? YES $___$ NO $_X$ $_$
Are there sensitive land uses near the project area (e.g., hospitals, schools)?
YES NO X
Will there he a loss of livelihoods among the population? VES NO V

Will the sub-project affect any resources that local people take from the natural environment? YES NOX
Will there be additional demands on local water supplies or other local resources?
YES NO X
Will the sub-project restrict people's access to land or natural resources?
YES NO X
Will the project require resettlement and/or compensation of any residents, including squatters?
YES NO X
Will the subproject result in construction workers or other people moving into or having access to the area (for a long-time period and in large numbers compared to permanent residents)?
YES NO X
Who is/are the present owner(s)/users of resources/infrastructures in the subproject area?
Community Residents
Loss of Crops, Fruit Trees, and Household Infrastructure
Will the subproject result in the permanent or temporary loss of:
Crops? No
Fruit trees / coconut palms? No
Household infrastructure? No
Any other assets/resources? No
Occupational Health and Safety, Health, Welfare, Employment, and Gender
Is the sub-project likely to safeguard worker's health and safety and public safety (e.g., occupational health and safety issues)? YES X NO X
How will the project minimize risk of HIV/Aids? By conducting regular HIV/AIDS awareness
How will the sub-project minimize the risk of accidents? How will accidents be managed, when they do occur? By carrying out regular safety box talk on health, safety and risk management, and establishing a First Aid system on all sites.
Is the project likely to provide local employment opportunities, including employment opportunities for women? YESX NO
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:

According to the revised concept note for this Quick win activity, "The mobilization of labor and other resources which is a key component of the community engagement activities will be incorporated under 67

a service contract with qualified construction Firms. However, the PMU will provide oversight and ensure that the Communities are prioritized in the labor mobilization. Additionally, the Contractor will enter a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the community leaders that encapsulates labor arrangements. As the project is community-driven, the team will ensure the full involvement of the communities in the work and related activities".

Historical, Archaeological, or Cultural Heritage Sites

Based on available sources, consultation with local authorities, local knowledge and/or observations, could the sub-project alter?
Historical heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NOX
Archaeological heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Cultural heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Graves, or sacred locations (e.g., fetish trees or stones) or require excavations near the same?
YES NO X
N.B For all affirmative answers (YES) Provide description, possible alternatives reviewed and/or appropriate mitigating measures.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Environmental category: (tick where applicable)

Category	Justification
Does not require further environmental of social studies	or
Requires submission of only a Project Brief	
Requires a full ESIA to be submitted on date	
Requires an ESMP to be submitted on date	As a temporary activity involving the use of labor-based method with basic hand tools to carry out the cleaning of drainage channels which won't cause any major adverse impact to the surrounding communities but will promote community cleanliness and reduce the risk to public health, flooding and poor sanitation significantly, there won't be a need to prepare an ESIA or other detailed E&S management documents. However, it is recommended that a short and simple management plan be prepared to guide the contractor in carrying out the agreed activities, as well as to ensure safety of people and the environment and compliance with the requirements of the Project's Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) and the Bank's Environmental and Social Framework (ESF) and its associated Environmental and

	Social Standards (ESSs) that may be relevant or applicable to any aspects of the planned activities.
Requires a RP to be submitted on date	
Requires an Indigenous Peoples Plan (IPP)	
Requires a Physical Cultural Resources Plan	

CERTIFICATION
We certify that we have thoroughly examined all the potential adverse effects of this subproject.
Reviewer: Environmental Specialist & Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist
Name: Harriett Peal-Keamu & Stephen A. Kolee
Signature:
Date:

Environmental and Social Screening for New Kru Town-Duala Market-Logan Town-Stockton Creek

Please type or print clearly, completing this form in its entirety. You may provide additional information on a separate sheet of paper if necessary. This will guide in the identification and categorization of the project accordingly.

Component under LURP	Component One (1)		
Name of Subproject	Quick Win (Drainage Cleaning)		
Project Objective	To enhance Environmental Sanitation		
Expected Commencement Date	N/A		
Proposed Main Project Activities	Removal of Waste and Silt from drainage channels		
Location (District, Community)	New Kru Town-Duala Market-Logan Town-Stockton Creek		
Name of Evaluator	Harriett Peal-Keamu (Environmental Specialist-LURP) & Stephen Kolee (Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist)		

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The Project activities consist of the cleaning of drainage channels in the Central and Greater Monrovia areas as quick win activities. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to the MCC operated landfill in Whein Town (northern Paynesville).

EMPLOYEES AND LABORERS

Number of people to be Employees and Laborers	e employed:	During Construction	During /Mainte		Operation
FULL-TIME			-		
PART-TIME /Temporary			50 P	ersons	

DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS THAT COULD BE IMPLEMENTED

Briefly describe the type and nature or type of the project at the site:

The work activities on this site consist of the cleaning of drainage channels along the route from New Kru Town to Duala Market to Logan Town and ending at Stockton Creek. The cleaning will involve the manual removal of wastes from the drainage, desilting, shoulder cleaning, haulage and disposal of the collected wastes to Whein Town Landfill located in Northern Paynesville City.

List the type and quantity of raw materials to be used in the project and highlight their sources

Material/Tools/Equipment	Quantity	Source
POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL I		a proposed project
A. The Biological Environment	mpacts that may occur as a result of the	e proposed project.
The Natural Environment		
	a and fauna in the project area and in a nd in	i the entire area expected to be
Will the project directly or indire	ectly affect?	
Natural forest types? No		
Swamps? No		
Wetlands (i.e., lakes, rivers, swa	mps, seasonally inundated areas)? No	
Natural critical habitats (parks, p	protected areas)? No	
Other behitete of threetened o	magics that require protection under	
other habitats of threatened sagreements?	pecies that require protection under	Liberia laws and/or internationa
	pecies that require protection under	Liberia laws and/or internationa
agreements? YES NO X	ound research/observations any thre	
agreements? YESNOX Are there according to backgo	ound research/observations any thre	
agreements? YES NOX Are there according to backgoor project area that could be affected. YES NOX	ound research/observations any thre	ratened/ endemic species in the
agreements? YES NOX Are there according to backgoor project area that could be affected. YES NOX	round research/observations any thre ted by the project? es, please state the distance/length of a	ratened/ endemic species in the
agreements? YES NOX Are there according to backgroproject area that could be affect YES NOX Will vegetation be cleared? If years.	round research/observations any thre ted by the project? es, please state the distance/length of a	ffected area

Will the project lead to a change in access, leading to an increase in the risk of depleting biodiversity resources?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:
Protected Areas
Do the subproject area or do subproject activities:
Occur within or adjacent to any designated protected areas?
YES NO X
Affect any protected area downstream of the project?
YES NO X
Affect any ecological corridors used by migratory or nomadic species located between any protected areas or between important natural habitats (protected or not) (e.g., mammals or birds)?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:
Invasive Species
Is the sub-project likely to result in the dispersion of or increase in the population of invasive plants or animals (e.g., along distribution lines)?
YES NO X
Provide an additional description for a "yes" answer:
B. The Physical Environment
Geology/Soils
Will slope or soil stability be affected by the project? YES NOX
Will the subproject cause physical changes in the project area (e.g., changes to the topography)? YES NOX
Will local resources, such as rocks, wood, sand, gravel be used?
YES NO X
Could the subproject potentially cause an increase in soil salinity in or downstream the project area? YES NOX

sediments, or organic materials? YES NOX
Landscape / Aesthetics
Is there a possibility that the sub-project will adversely affect the aesthetics of the landscape?
YES NOX
Pollution
Will the sub-project use or store dangerous substances (e.g., large quantities of hydrocarbons)? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce harmful substances? YES NOX
Will the subproject produce solid or liquid wastes? YESX NO (The activities will produce Solid Waste that will be removed from the drainage channels)
Will the subproject cause air pollution? YES NO X
Will the subproject generate noise? YES NOX
Will the subproject generate electromagnetic emissions? YES NOX
Will the subproject release pollutants into the environment? YES NOX
C. The Social Environment
Land Use, Resettlement, and/or Land Acquisition
Describe existing land uses on and around the sub-project area (e.g., community facilities, agriculture, tourism, private property, or hunting areas):
Are there any land use plans on or near the sub-project location, which will be negatively affected by subproject implementation? YES NOX
Are there any areas on or near the subproject location, which are densely populated which could be affected by the sub-project? YES $___$ NO $_X$
Are there sensitive land uses near the project area (e.g., hospitals, schools)?
YES NO X
Will there be a loss of livelihoods among the population? YES NOX
Will the sub-project affect any resources that local people take from the natural environment? YES NO X

Will there be additional demands on local water supplies or other local resources?
YES NO X
Will the sub-project restrict people's access to land or natural resources?
YES NO X
Will the project require resettlement and/or compensation of any residents, including squatters?
YES NO X
Will the subproject result in construction workers or other people moving into or having access to the area (for a long-time period and in large numbers compared to permanent residents)?
YES NO X
Who is/are the present owner(s)/users of resources/infrastructures in the subproject area?
Community Residents
Loss of Crops, Fruit Trees, and Household Infrastructure
Will the subproject result in the permanent or temporary loss of?
Crops? No
Fruit trees / coconut palms? No
Household infrastructure? No
Any other assets/resources? No
Occupational Health and Safety, Health, Welfare, Employment, and Gender
Is the sub-project likely to safeguard worker's health and safety and public safety (e.g., occupational health and safety issues)? YES X NO X
How will the project minimize risk of HIV/Aids? By conducting regular HIV/AIDS awareness
How will the sub-project minimize the risk of accidents? How will accidents be managed, when they doccur? By carrying out regular tool-box talk on health, safety and risk management, and establishing
First Aid management system on all sites
Is the project likely to provide local employment opportunities, including employment opportunities for women? YESX NO
Provide an additional description for "yes" answers:

According to the revised concept note for this Quick win activity, "The mobilization of labor and other resources which is a key component of the community engagement activities will be incorporated under a service contract with qualified construction Firms. However, the PMU will provide oversight and ensure that the Communities are prioritized in the labor mobilization. Additionally, the Contractor will enter a

memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the community leaders that encapsulates labor arrangements. As the project is community-driven, the team will ensure the full involvement of the communities in the work and related activities".

Historical, Archaeological, or Cultural Heritage Sites

Based on available sources, consultation with local authorities, local knowledge and/or observations, could the sub-project alter?
Historical heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NOX
Archaeological heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Cultural heritage site(s) or require excavation near the same? YES NO X
Graves, or sacred locations (e.g., fetish trees or stones) or require excavations near the same?
YES NO X
N.B For all affirmative answers (YES) Provide description, possible alternatives reviewed and/or appropriate mitigating measures.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Environmental category: (tick where applicable)

С	ategory	Justification
1 1	oes not require further environmental or ocial studies	
R	equires submission of only a Project Brief	
R	equires a full ESIA to be submitted on date	
R	equires an ESMP to be submitted on date	As a temporary activity involving the use of labor-based method with basic hand tools to carry out the cleaning of the drainage channels which won't cause any major adverse impact to the surrounding communities but will promote community cleanliness and reduce the risk to public health, flooding and poor sanitation significantly, there won't be a need to prepare an ESIA or other detailed E&S management documents.
		However, it is recommended that a short and simple E&S management plan be prepared to guide the contractor in carrying out the agreed activities, as well as to ensure safety of people and the environment and compliance with the requirements of the Project's Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) and the Bank's Environmental and Social Framework (ESF) and its associated Environmental and

	Social Standards (ESSs) that may be relevant or applicable to any aspects of the planned activities.
Requires a RP to be submitted on date	
Requires an Indigenous Peoples Plan (IPP)	
Requires a Physical Cultural Resources Plan	

CERTIFICATION
We certify that we have thoroughly examined all the potential adverse effects of this subproject
Reviewer: Environmental Specialist & Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist
Name: Harriett Peal-Keamu & Stephen A. Kolee
Signature:
Date:

ANNEX B: Minutes of Consultation Meetings held in various Communities where the Quick Wins Drainage Cleaning Activities will be carryout

On May 15, 2023, the E&S Safeguard Specialists conducted consultative meetings for four different communities located at Newport Street- Soniwein Group of 77 (Central Monrovia), Freeport-Sawmill, Paity Town and Bassa Town (Bushrod Island). Another set of meetings was organized and carried out by the Social Safeguard and Gender Specialist including the Communications and Community Engagements Specialist on May 17, 2023 for two communities located on Capitol Hill-Soniwein (Central Monrovia) and AB Tolbert Road (Paynesville). These consultative meetings were held to carryout awareness of the upcoming drainage cleaning activities, the need for the community full participation and to get feedback and suggestions from the residents that will inform decision making on the proposed drainage cleaning, waste removal and disposal activities. Participants from the communities included community leaders, elders, men, women, youths, and vulnerable people including those with disabilities.

During the meetings an overview of the Liberia Urban Resilience Project (LURP), its components, structures, Donors and implementing partners, the Project Management Unit (PMU) and the project development objective was explained to all participants. The upcoming drainage cleaning activities which was the focus of the meetings, was presented in detailed by the E&S Safeguard Specialists. the Safeguard Specialists informed the community dwellers that the drainage cleaning activities which is also called a "Quick Win" is a preliminary approach, before the main project, that is organized to support the removal of all waste including silt/soil materials from the drainage channels to ensure that surface/rain water flow freely in the drains thereby preventing or minimizing flooding within the project locations and other selected communities during this rainy season. In addition, all waste collected during the drainage cleaning should be properly disposed of to the Whein Town Landfill.

The Team went on to explain that the Quick Win has been designed to provide short term job opportunities for residents residing within the project communities. However, the Ministry of Public Works through the PMU will hire the services of qualified Contractors who will then work with the Leadership of the community and acquire the services of qualified residents/dwellers through an MoU to carry out the drainage cleaning. The activities will be supervised by the Contractor and monitored by the PMU at the Ministry of Public works. The success of the Quick Win depends on all parties involved, therefore the full participation of the community is very important in achieving the cleanliness of drainage channels.

In addition to the presentation made, the Team asked some questions due to the E&S assessment that was done along the various drainage channels. The Questions includes:

- How do you manage waste in your various homes?
- ➤ Why is your community dirty?
- What do you think is the problem in managing your waste and what needs to be done?
- Are you aware of any Community Based Enterprise (CBE) that collects waste in your community? Some said no, while others said yes but the CBEs can't come around anymore.
- If you are charged a fee for waste collection will you pay? Many said Yes.
- > Kindly propose actions that Government must take to ensure a clean environment.

Concerns Raised by Community Dwellers/Residents during the Consultative Meetings

Date of Consultation Meeting: May 15, 2023		
Venue/Location: Soniwein Community / @	Group of 77 Building	
Time: 11:00am to 12:15pm		
Issue Raised during Meeting	Responses by the project Team	Remarks
Mawolu Ballie (Co-Chairman): Need Garbage Bins within the Community to store/collect waste. (small medium and Large Bins); Some residents can be trained, and they can carry out awareness on how residents should properly manage their wastes.	The Team Noted the concern and indicated that they will inform the project team about the community need; but will first focus on the cleaning of the drainage and proper disposal of the waste.	
Florence (Administrator of Group of 77): There's a need to clean the drainage channel more frequently to avoid flooding.	The Government of Liberia with support from the World Bank has identified this problem and this is of the key purpose of the overall Project and the immediate Drainage cleaning initiative.	
Florence (Administrator of Group of 77): Community Dwellers are in the constant hobbit of dumping waste at night when others are asleep; this is causing serious health problem for those living nearby and clogging the drainage channels hugely.	Noted. At the end of the drainage cleaning activities, the Project team and the Community will put some measure in place to govern the cleanliness of the drainage channels	
It is very important to have regular communication with the community during the project activities.	The Project supports this idea and consultation will be done regularly	
Emmanuel Kploh (Resident):		
The Problem is Public Works and MCC; the community sent many communications to MPW/MCC but hardly get response to their complaints;	Noted. And it is because of those numerous complaints and the problems faced by residents that had led to the preparation of this Project;	
One of the Community Residents named Marie Joshua blocked the Government sewer line, denying the disable people the use of the sewer system; There's a need of high manpower to clean the Soniwein drainage therefore, the	The issue is Noted and will be further discussed with the project team for amicable solution; This concept has already been considered	

Project should recruit residents to do the cleanup; and once residents are involved, they will help to keep watch on a regular basis;	within the up-coming drainage cleaning Quick Wins activities. A Contractor/Company will be hired, and that Company will sign a MOU with the community leadership to get manpower to carry out the cleaning activities. This will be closely monitored by the PMU and only persons who will meet the criteria (Working age, good health condition fit for a kind of	
Constitute a Taskforce in the community to maintain a clean environment.	work, etc.) will be allowed to work; This will be further discussed with the Project Coordinator, PMU key staff and other partners like MPW & MCC.	
Jeremiah Cooper:		
The Group of 77 should maintain its demarcation while each residential area should keep its neighborhood clean and safe.	This approach will be discussed and decided after the Quick Wins drainage cleaning activities.	
Harris Sumo:		
User fees should be attached to waste collection and disposal to help keep the environmental clean.	Will inform the Project Coordinator and MCC.	

Date of Consultation Meeting: May 15, 2023		
Venue/Location: Freeport Sawmill Community		
Time: 11:00am to 12:15pm		
Issue Raised during Meeting	Responses by the project Team	Remarks
Andrew Varney:		
The Lack of Garbage Bins in the community and nearby Collection Points for waste has cause waste to be dumped all over the community and in drainages.	The Team Noted the concern and indicated that they will inform the project team about the community need; but will first focus on the cleaning of the drainage and proper disposal of the waste.	
Malo Joshua:		
Need protective things to wear; Need payment for the work; need to set up and maintain a Task force that will help to keep the area clean.	Noted. Will be provided through the Contractor.	

Abel Teach (Chairman):		
Need to set standards and establish Laws against Violators (enforcement issues); There's a need to be supported to enforce the laws.	The Government of Liberia with support from the World Bank has identified this problem and this is one of the problems that the project hopes to solve	
Moses Wallah:		
Faced serious difficulties in getting the government through MCC to remove the waste when collected and gathered by the community residents;	Noted. And it is because of those numerous complaints and the problems faced by residents that had led to the preparation of this Project.	
MPW should cover the drainage channels and open them (construct Manholes) only for periodic cleaning.	The issue of covering the drainages will be considered during the construction and rehabilitation stage of the project where ever possible.	
Paul Luke:		
Should consider removing old/broken down Trucks on the road which is used by people to throw off garbage.	The issue is Noted and will be further discussed with the project Coordinator and then MCC.	

Minutes of meeting for Bassa Town and Paity Town		
Date of Consultation Meeting: May 15, 2023		
Venue/Location: Freeport Bassa Town		
Time: 1:45pm to 3:15pm		
Issue Raised during Meeting	Responses by the project Team	Remarks
Benedict Q. Davis:		
Community Dwellers face serious difficulty to access their homes. Waste Plastic Materia has clogged drainages. Difficulty finding tools to clean the drainages in the community, and maintenance of a clean drainage channel.	Noted. This problem is expected to be solve at the end at the end of the drainage cleaning activities.	
Arthur: There's no designated area to throw off garbage; MCC does not come to dispose		

wastes that the community work to collect; as a result, the garbage ends on going back into the drainage channel.		
Awbullah Dukuly:		
There's need for a more structured drainage channels to help keep dirt out; this means covering the drainage channels	The Project supports this idea and will be done during the main construction phase.	
Benedict Q. Davis:		
Smaller drainage channels should be cleared of waste and connected to the main drainage channel;	Noted.	
Set up a community-based group to maintain the drainages with support from the government;		
MCC does not come on time to empty the Bin, so garbage begins to spill over.		
Arthur:		
The community can only be kept cleaned if they have a solid waste collection point;	The issue is Noted and will be further discussed with the project team for	
There should be consistent community cleaning servicing with help from MPW;	amicable solution.	
Need materials/tools for community residents to do their own cleaning.		
Jusu Dukuly:		
Avoid using Zogos (disadvantage Youths) to collect and dispose garbage;	anyone/entity outside registered CBEs	
Laws enforcement is one of the main problems causing waste to be poorly managed; those in charge should ensure that Households should pay a fee for their waste	and SMEs. Enforcement is a serious challenge	
Anthony B: (Co-Chairman Bassa Town)		
Garbage Bins should be placed at closed intervals within the community. He indicated that CBEs used to collect waste in their community, but they stopped coming due to lack of support (no collection point and no or little payment of waste by	This will be further discussed with the Project Coordinator, PMU key staff and other partners like MPW & MCC.	
and no or nitic payment or waste by		

community residents).		
Darlington C. Dennis (Resident/Paity Town):	Noted and tools will be provided through	
Need tools and enough Manpower to clean the drainages;	·	
Need a Taskforce group in Paity Town to keep watch and maintain a clean environment;	5	

Date of Consultation Meeting: May 17, 2023					
Venue/Location: Soniwein 2 – Capitol Hill					
Time:					
Issue Raised during Meeting	Responses by the project Team	Remarks			
Momolu Pewu:					
Open the drainage channel first by removing all the silt materials and wastes;	Noted.				
Need manpower, food and transportation;					
Organize a taskforce to maintain a clean environment.					
Jessica:					
Clean and cover the drainage channel to avoid dirt entering it;	The project has already considered this. The covering of drainage channels will be done during the construction/rehabilitation stage.				
Will the project resettle the affected people?	Relocation of people will be decided after the Resettlement Action plan study is completed.				
James Walker:					
What mechanism has MPW put in place to stop feces from entering the drainages?	The LURP Project is one key mechanism that has been designed to put an end to drainage pollution.				
Selective treatment/favor should be avoided as People are blocking the alleys/drainages.	Noted.				
Armah Walker:					
No dumpsite or garbage bins are in the community, so where will we put the garbage after cleaning?	Garbage Bins are expected to be provided during the cleanup activities.				

Beyan Koikoi:		
Now that the Project team/MPW has told us about the upcoming drainage cleaning activities, we hope that MPW will do something good about it and not just to hear it.	This Project is a reality, the team will come to work with the community to get the work done. The Community should just be prepared to give their full support.	
	It was observed during the site assessment and the community meetings, the residents living around the drainages are the most affected People.	

Date of Consultation Meeting: May 17, 2023				
Venue/Location: AB Tolbert Road Community				
Time:				
Issue Raised during Meeting	Responses by the project Team	Remarks		
Rev. J. Mynie Davies (Chairman):				
Recruitment of workers should be done in the community;	The Community residents have already been prioritized once qualified.			
No group or agency is around to pick up the garbage from the collection point; PCC used to pick up the garbage but now there's no group doing it. As a result, the collection point was closed by the land owner and there's nowhere to dispose waste.	This will be discussed with the Project Coordinator and then PCC to understand the problem and see what can be done or propose measures that can help alleviate the community of waste pollution.			
Abraham B. Juah:				
Cleaning drainages is good but it's not enough. The various Alleys should be opened to allow water to flow freely. Some Alleys are waterways.	Opening of the Alleys will be considered during the construction phase of the project and if this community Alley is included, it will be done. But if not, MPW will be informed about the need.			
Chairlady:				
People give garbage to Zogos (Challenged Youths), who in return dump the same waste in the community;	Giving garbage to challenged Youths is not right. Garbage should be given to CBEs who will dispose it properly.			
Will the drainage opening be done yearly?				
How is garbage managed in this community?				
Most People use garbage to fill wetland. By				

doing so, they heap up garbage in the community and the entire community and its surrounding is affected by it.	
How do we keep the place clean when the clean-up is done?	

Photos Taken During the Community Meetings





Photos Showing participants of meeting held at Soniwein Community on Newport Street @ the Group of 77 Office



Attendance of Community Meetings held to support the E&S screening of the Drainage Cleaning Activities

COMMUNITY CONK	117ATION	MEETING/SONIWE	VI COMMUNITY
		15,2023; TIME:10	
SIN NAME	SEX	POSITION	CONTACT PHONE #
1 Harris B. Sumo	on	Regional coordinator	0770787644
@ Florence P. Worish	F	Adm. Assitant	0770324743
3. J. Momoly Ballie	M	COM. Co-Chair	0886518251
4 Mamadon S. Diakite	M	Cordinator	0886456222
5 Paul D. Ghakpaila	M	Disable chair represent	0777773987
6. Teremienh D. Cooper	M	Regional Coordinator	0776544976
7. JEmmandel Kitch	M	Resident Supercisor	67 10993586
& Gabriel W. Nimely	m	HR OFFICER	0770075714

COMMUNITY CONSULTATION MEETING / FREEDORT SAWMALL (SAWMILL) DATE: MAY 15, 2023 Vinth Chair 0656706057 ABEL Abraham Kindi 16. 31. Bectica Toby K BALLAH 2 ADOLPHUS 31. Silveste- 19 ylo-12. Ruth Sumo Secretary 0886685490 32. Emmonuel Mannet 3 MOSES 11. Cyrus For 4 ALIMATU K. ZININOH S. Anguagne Parvey Alphaned Dahn 17. 5 SHEIK KAMARA Main , Fato byleh 34. Michael B. Reeves 20. 0886028662 6 PHILIP ZONYU Gabson Mulbas 38. Lemon Zog Trawaly 11 SG Doniel Section 7 SAMUEL JABA 72. Junior Gayflow 37. Faith Brown MARLO JOHNSON (F) Prince Kangra 231 38. Harris Dukuly Somes Kandakai 24. Sheila Mulbah 35- Foday Konnes Alex Ketai 25. Abraham mabbeh 40 Thomas Squies 200 Thomas Zarwa (1 Jesseson Griddings Ir. 4) Togba Donnis Nadolo Tokabo 12 Esmael Joba 27. (45) Mitchell Smith 28 thomas folis 13 Elijah Fayish Jerry Mulbah Andrew Varney 29. 14 Gronge Tokaba Mond Massaley Mark Dukoe

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	Consultate Notice	ici fan	RURP/ENS screening Exercises Francis	ise
			, 2023, Time:	cy
#	NAME	SEX		Contact Phase Klumber
1	Arthur Says Jr	Male	Citizen/Board Mander	0777972766
23.	Moses Falm JE	10 P.	CHizen	0778423819
3.)	Ambulah P. Dukury	Male	Cilizen	0710742138
4)	Thordone Nyeman	male	CitiZen	0770519677
(5)	Momo Samah	Male	CitiZen	0775613158
67	Just & Dukyly	maic		0776051299
7)-	J. solomon D. Jooffah Jr.	Male	Citizen	07-78183202
8	Anthony B. Goodhar	Male	CITIZE	0770456200
	20 Houblop M. Johnson	Male	Cifize	0770256762
(10)	Benefict O paris	malle	Charment	0776238956
1115	Atex gampbell	maile	youth clair	0)17968134
12	Hamiett Peal- Kearyer Stephen K. Kolee	temple	Envinnmental Specialist	088698698
13	Stephen K. Kolee	Nale	Social Safeguards (Gender Specialit	0886608763
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COMMUNITY CONSULTATION MEETING/ PATY TOWN DATE: MAY 15, 2023, TIME: Contact phone 1 POSITION SEX SIN NAME 0776280207 Mapoleon H. Hyesna 11 0770183170 m M 07809-3123 m. Kkgh m 011849719 No GEORGE W. NAH 4088032110 Robert C. Slob

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Anthony H. Toe	m	m	0779180105
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- Robert Co Stoh	DUS	M	077660680
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21	STEPHEN	KOLEE	M	MPW	0886608463	Dter 40
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MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS LIBERIA URBAN RESILIENCE PROJECT (LURP)

Community Consultation Meeting

Community Name: AB Tolbert Road, Date of Meeting: May 17, 2023, Time: 3%

	ist of Attendees							
S/N	Name	Sex	Position	Contact phone number	Signature			
1	George Weay	Malo	Advisor	0777595193	Gan			
2	Rev. J. Mynie Davies	Male	G. Chairman	0775563100/088640503	- And			
3	Michael J. Guen	Male	Block D'Charr	0886420961	99			
4	James J. Gartel	Mete	memmber	0778192138	Sall			
5	Karso Page	Make	Black D Jour	10770744035	K, Roff			
6	Doxas Cheloe	Femile	O- Charlady	0770744035	De la companya della companya della companya de la companya della			
7	Emmanuel T. Wradee		Member	0715974845	ETA			
8	Charles Kamo	Male	ASI Black D. ch.	07772550419	Kono			
9	Abraham B. Fual	molo	mombor	0777550363	atral -			
10	Gleker MLIPRIGE	Female	Block 'C' Charrlady	0775703963	GLever DOES			
//	Theresa Briggs	1	member	0337568919	Theresa.B			
12	Ellen Jakpa	Female	Member	0777380210	E-1.			
13	Edith Reeves	Female	member	0775841282	E.R			

Paul B. 2: Year	111	member	0776832420	PG/
	F	member	0775/11527	J.Lee
10	F	menber	6767127-86e	C.R
Marrie Whea	F	Member	0	m. W
Mather Ninely	F	Chair Lady	0775003820	M.N
Menie d Firai	F	Member	0770519678	ADE
Prince Ry Washington	m	member	0777646297	Pethod:
Micheal James	M	Member	0777379204	M.J.
Ansumama Komara	M	M-emb-er	0777474296	A·K
Morris Clarke	M	Member	0779204101	M·C
Peter Kplor	M	Member	0881559935	Pix
	M	Member	0886542908	A.M
Sam Cooper	M	Black 'A'	0880286121	Eliphr .
Varney Pugye	M	m-ember		VO
Deborah Smith	土	member	0776057818	D.8
Tellen Tormon	F	Member	0778441644	H-T
Orotha (Bondo	9	Mambor	0777970086	GAB .
Incle Ino Ron	+	member	0777365005	8.7
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	Mather Winely Mather Winely Memie & Firai Prince Ry Hashington Micheal James Ansumama Komara Morris Clarke Peter Kplor Amadu Momo Sam Cooper Varney Puaye Beborah Smith Hellen Tormon Orotha Bondo Olicia Trokon Grace M. Caphay	Janjay Lee F Comfort Roberts F Marnie Whea F Mather Winely F Memie D Firai F Rince Ry Washington M Micheal James M Ansumama Komara M Morris Clarke M Peter Kplor M Amadu Momo M Sam Cooper M Varney Quaye M Deborah Smith F Hellen Tormon F Orotha Rondo F Olice Trokon F	Janyay Lee F Member Comfant Roberts F member Marnie Whea F Member Mather Winely F Chair Lady Memie D Firai F Member Prince Ry Washington M Member Micheal James M Member Ansumama Komara M Member Morris Clarke M Member Peter Kplor M Member Peter Kplor M Member Panadu Momo M Member Sam Cooper M Black 'A' youth doirma Varney Puqye M Member Varney Puqye M Member Hellen Tormon F Member Orotha Bondo F Member Orotha Rondo F Member Orotha Tormon F member Orotha Tormon F member Orotha Momo F Member	Comfort Roberto F Member 0775/1/527 Comfort Roberto F Member 075012796 Mather Nimely F Chair Lady 0775003820 Memie D Firai F Member 0770519678 Rince Ry Mashington M Member 0770519678 Rince Ry Mashington M Member 0777379204 Micheal James M Member 0777474296 Morris Clarke M Member 0779204/01 Peter Kplor M Member 0881559935 Amadu Momo M Member 0886542908 Sam Cooper M Black A 088028 G171 Youth desirman 077688 9878 Varney Puqye M Member 0776484779 Deborah Smith F Member 0776484779 Deborah Smith F Member 0776484779 Oreffia Rondo F Member 0778441644 Olice Trokon F Member 07774365005 Onthered Office Frokon F Member 07774365005

Acron PG Schlor M. Member 0775771719 A.8
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Viola S. Kekulah F Member 0886525003 Y.K
Deamon Beah F Member 0886525003 Y.K
Desseca borbor F Member 0776738639 N.B
Francis T. Domenic M Member 0770294132 N.B
Francis T. Domenic M Member 0779992855 J.B
Oretha Combah FT Member 0777245955 F.TD
Amelia Gunnue F Member 0777365065 A.G

Annex C: Traffic Management Plan

This Traffic Management Plan (TMP) has been prepared to address the following key issues related to the subproject:

- MOBILITY including interruptions to pedestrians, cyclists and vehicular traffic; and
- COMMUNITY including interruptions to surrounding businesses and residents from drainage cleaning and waste transportation

The objective of this TMP is to provide safe passage for pedestrians, cyclists and vehicular traffic along the proposed intervention sites

General Traffic Management Measures

Based on the various activities described in the ESMP, drainage cleaning activities will involve the use of trucks to collect waste from drainages. To do this safely, it may necessitate cordoning off of the road, around the target areas and will generate minor traffic issues. In the following, an overview of traffic management requirements and plans are described.

Components of the Traffic Management Plan

The Contractor should designate a TMP Supervisor who will oversee traffic management along major roads within the subproject target areas.

The TMP Supervisor will address the following:

- Safety Signage: Safety signage will be put up along when waste trucks are parked on the road next to target sites when waste is removed and transferred from drainages/bins to the trucks. This signage will indicate that there are "Men at Work". Caution is most required by motorists and cyclists who transverse the project areas.
- Liaisons with Government Traffic Agencies. The TMP will ensure liaisons with the relevant traffic control agency. In situations where heavy traffic impacts are envisaged, the Contractor will liaise with the relevant traffic control agency to ensure traffic coordination and mitigate adverse traffic impacts.
- Movements of project vehicles will be timed to coincide with off peak periods of traffic.
- Strict speed limits shall be enforced on all truck drivers working on this project and non-compliance shall be addressed by the contractor, supervision engineer and PMU. Measures will be taken to educate the drivers during weekly pep talks.

- Vehicle breakdowns could occur and this could cause bottlenecks and snarls. Therefore, in the event of such an occurrence, there should be provision to immediately assist with evacuating such vehicles from the alternative routes while tow vehicles will be contacted from the nearest point.
- Adequate number of well-trained flagmen should be deployed to manage the traffic situation.
- The contractor should ensure that all rehabilitation activities are performed in accordance with the approved Traffic Management Plan.
- Adequate dewatering of waste material before transport to Whein Town disposal site;
- Maintain cleanliness of trucks for transporting dredged materials;
- All vehicles transporting dredged spoils to final dump sites must be covered completely with tarpaulin;
- Provide notification about the dredging activities at roads that will be and are currently affected by the activities;
- The contractor shall adopt best practices for transporting the dredged materials to prevent soil/mud spilling on the roads or environment;

Every Vehicle used for the transportation of waste shall:

- Be registered with the relevant Authority
- Have a hauling body constructed of metal, or any other approved material and all joints in the hauling body shall be effectively sealed and smoothened to avoid drippings or leakages of liquids
- Be provided with a tight metal hood having adequate openings fitted with smoothly operating loading and unloading doors.
- Have a means of covering the waste to be hauled and keep such waste secured within the hauling body to prevent dispersal
- Have covers made with appropriate material such as tarpaulin, canvas cover fitted with proper eyes, grommets and tie ropes and hooks whereby the cover can be held securely over the loaded wastes
- Not be loaded with garbage to a level above the side wall height if it does not have permanent covers
- Be thoroughly washed and steamed regularly and kept in good working condition
- Conduct collection and transportation of waste in such a manner that will not cause scattering, escaping, flowing out of the waste
- Be in such a state that shall not cause scattering, escaping, flowing out of the waste or emitting of noxious smells from the waste

- Collect waste from designated area of operations and shall deliver such waste to the designated station, disposal sure or plant.
- Equipment and vehicles that have all auxiliary (Water retaining facility, etc.) functional shall be engaged.
- Registered sand haulage Vehicles with the government should not be used for this exercise for the activities to be well regulated.
- The vehicles in use must be in good order.
- The haulage trucks will be adequately secured to prevent dust pollution and prevent dewatered dredged material from falling onto the access routes
- Contractor flagmen will work collaboratively with relevant traffic management authorities to prevent traffic congestion along the route to the approved disposal site.
- Health and safety of the communities living in the influence area of the anticipated dredged will be prioritized along material disposal transport routes and sites and road safety and traffic constraints

S/N	Aspects	Descriptions	Responsible	Cost (USD)
			Party	
1	Traffic/Safety	Safety signage should be put at both ends of the road to warn road users	Contractor	Included in ESMP Table 7
	Signage	of the ongoing cleaning activities.		
		Mobilization of equipment and materials should be done at off-peak	Contractor	\$1,000.00 is allocated in each BoQ
		period (10am – 4pm).		for all three Lots
		Enforce speed limit.		
2	Training	Hire drivers with appropriate driver's license.	Contractor	Training cost covered ESMP Table
		Ensure drivers are familiar with TMP		7
3	Communication	All Traffic and Safety signages should be boldly written in English	Contractor	
		languages	PMU	
		 Any incident/ accidents should be reported immediately to the PMU 		
	Cost	All cost included have been embedded in the ESMP Matrix Table	·	

Annex D: Occupation Health and Safety Management Plan

PURPOSE	This table describes the Project Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) plan for the proposed project and the specific management controls, risk control systems and workplace and safeguards required to ensure compliance with Occupational Health and Safety Laws and Standards.			
SCOPE	The Project Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) plan covers the scope of works defined in the contract. This includes the cleaning of drainages at the preparatory, implementation, and maintenance phase.			
OBJECTIVES OF THE PLAN	Adopt a positive Health & Safety Culture.			
	Adopt the principles of prevention to avoid risk.			
	• Complete the project without incident (Zero fatalities, Zero Lost Time Injury or occupational illness).			
OBLIGATIONS	Participation of all personnel and the management in executing, maintaining and continually improving OHS processes is vital to the successful completion and achievement of quality objectives set by the management.			
	• All project personnel shall therefore be required to be familiar with the content of the OHS plan and shall participate in implementing, maintaining and improving the management system			
	• It is the responsibility of the project coordinator and all key personnel to ensure that the requirements for quality are fulfilled for works under their responsibility.			
	• All new staff and staff who are given new responsibilities are to be inducted into the requirements set out in the plan in general and into their function and responsibilities in particular			
POLICIES	Workplace Health and Safety: all workers shall adhere to all workplace health and safety rules and the management will ensure the safety of the workers on site.			
	Rehabilitation Policy			
	• Drug and Alcohol Policy: Prohibiting the consumption or possession of narcotics, drugs, alcohol and other banned substances			
DUTIES AND	Safety Officer Responsibilities include:			
RESPONSIBILITIES	Main communication link between the contractor and the PMU Project Coordinator and PMU E&S Team. The Polyton and PMU E&S Team.			
	 Review daily work to be assigned to workers in line with ESMP Inspect all work areas on a daily basis. 			
	 Inspect all work areas on a daily basis. Respond immediately to all unsafe conditions. 			
	 Control of and distribution of all workers personal protective equipment. 			
	Ensure deficiencies are corrected and reported to site manager.			
	Complete all incident/Non-conformance reports as required			
	Complete all orientation of all new or transferred employees.			
	Ensure that all required training is given or made available to all employees			

• Ensure Public health, Safety, and proper handling of waste during the transport of waste materials;

Workers' roles and responsibilities for Health and Safety

- Carry out their work in a manner that will not create a hazard to the health and safety of self or other employees.
- Have the right to refuse unsafe work and report all job specific hazards to their manager.
- Take care, an active role in the elimination and control of workplace hazards.
- Assist site managers in reducing and controlling accident producing conditions and unsafe acts on the work sites.
- Report any accidents/incidents, near misses and/or injuries immediately to the manager.
- Report any anticipated loss of work time to the manager as soon as possible after being treated by a physician following injury.
- Providing suggestions to improve the overall health and safety program.
- Using all safety equipment provided.
- Participating as required, in accident/incident investigations and assisting in the completing of the accident/incident forms.
- Ensure co- workers are advised of unsafe conditions or acts that may cause injury or illness.
- Demonstrate a professional attitude towards all projects OHS efforts.

COMMUNICATION RESOURCES

This may include project management meetings; inductions; training; and outcomes from inspections

RULES FOR WORKPLACE SAFETY

BEHAVIOR: Consuming or being in possession of or under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs on project site and environs premises, is prohibited and disciplinary action will be taken. Fighting, horseplay, practical jokes or otherwise interfering with other workers is prohibited and disciplinary action will be taken. Theft, vandalism or any other abuse or misuse of equipment is prohibited and may be cause for immediate dismissal. "Strike Anywhere" matches are prohibited. Running is not permitted anywhere, except in the case of extreme emergency. Riding on any hook, hoist or other material handling equipment which is used strictly for handling material and not specifically designated to carry riders is prohibited.

First Aid and Injury Management Emergency Procedures

- i. Render first aid immediately, first aid kits should be made available in all vehicles and all sites. All serious first aid injuries should be attended to by a trained first aid attendant only.
- ii. For all serious injuries, these general directions should be followed:
 - If you do not have first aid training send or locate a trained first aid attendant immediately
 - Apply artificial respiration if the patient is not breathing (by trained first aid attendants only)
 - Stop any severe bleeding, by applying pressure to the immediate wound area
 - Send someone for a doctor
 - Keep victim lying down: never move injured personnel unless the potential for further injury is immediately present
- iii. Stay calm. If the patient is breathing and no artery is spurting blood, giving first aid is usually unnecessary, and is often harmful
- iv. Do not attempt to remove foreign objects from eyes or any other part of the body or allow anyone else to do so, except a first aid attendant or a doctor
- v. Call for assistance; be ready to give the following information:
 - Accurate directions to the location of the injured person.
 - Nature of the injury.
 - Any assistance that may be required.

	 Give information slowly and clearly. Report back to the scene of the accident; report to the superintendent or first aid attendant that help is on the way. If no one can be contacted at the office call/Inform operator which of the following is required: a. Ambulance. b. Police. c. Fire Department. d. Electrical Power Company. e. Gas utility company. f. Hospital. Restrict the immediate area of the accident, check if further danger exists
TRAINING OI CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL	The Contractor shall provide sufficient training to his own personnel to ensure that they are all aware of the relevant aspects of these general conditions and the ESMP, and are able to fulfil their expected roles and functions. Specific training should be provided to those employees that have particular responsibilities associated with the implementation of the ESMP.
	The topics to be covered are OHS in general (working procedures), emergency procedures, and social and cultural aspects (awareness raising on social issues).

Annex E: Emergency Preparedness Plan

Emergency procedures and response plan shall be developed by the contractor prior mobilizing to site. The procedures shall be communicated to all staff and all workers shall be trained to avoid and respond to emergencies appropriately. Also, each site shall always have at least a trained first aider on site.

Aspects	Requirements
Competency	All personnel required to operate or work with any equipment or machine must be competent, be tested for each equipment that he/she shall be operating. All personnel who as part of their profession require licensing or certification must obtain the necessary certification before he/she shall be allowed to work on the site. All personnel working on site shall be required to be certified medically fit to do so by an approved medical facility or Medical Doctor (pre-employment medical examination)
Induction/ Orientation	Every new or rehired employee must undergo mandatory OHS orientation / induction. The purpose of the Induction is to educate workers and make them aware of the major potential hazards he or she shall come into contact with while working on the site; also, it is one more opportunity to stress the importance of HSE being the first priority in the operations.
	The content of the HSE orientation / induction shall cover the following subjects:
	Manual handling.
	Emergency Prevention, Preparedness and Response
	First Aid training (for site First Aiders)
	Lifting and Rigging
	Safe Driving techniques (for drivers)
Major Hazards	The major hazards identified for the proposed project include the general OHS risks of drainage cleaning works
Personal Protective	The basic PPE required for the project shall be hand gloves (Impermeable and Chemically resistant); hooded reflective overalls
Equipment (PPE)	(Impermeable and Chemically resistant); Nose covers with respirators; Rain/safety boots; Safety eye goggles). Any other PPE shall be used
	as applicable. The contractor is responsible for the provision of PPE and usage shall be enforced at all times. PPE shall be provided in
	circumstances where exposure to hazards cannot be avoided by other means. Information, instruction & training shall be given to all
	employees on safe use, maintenance and storage of PPE. Employees shall, in accordance with instructions given, make full use of all PPE
	provided and maintain it in a serviceable condition and report its loss or defect immediately to the maintenance department where it shall be replaced. PPE shall be replaced when it is no longer serviceable and returned on a new for old basis. Employees shall sign to state that they
	have received PPE when issued.
Signage	Adequate provision for warning and directional signs shall be made.
Reporting	All accidents must be reported to the PMU after which investigation shall commence and recorded so that appropriate corrective actions
Troporting.	shall be implemented to prevent any re-occurrence and report findings shall be forwarded to the PMU. Reporting requirements shall include
	notification of incident, investigation report, and monthly report. Notification of Incident form shall be developed which shall be filled and submitted to the PMU for investigation.

Annex F: Waste Management Plan (WMP)

S/N	Potential Source	Waste	Waste Streams	Management	Responsibility	Cost
		Type				
Α	MOBILIZATION	1				
1	Movement of vehicles on unpaved surface and engine exhaust	Emission	CO ₂ , SO ₂ , NO ₂ , CO, Dust	Use water suppression to prevent dust emission Maintain vehicles and machineries to reduce emission Maintain low speed to reduce dust and gaseous emission	Contractor	Contractor may provide an estimate. However, dust emission will be of little or no issue during this rainy (wet) season in Liberia, particularly in Monrovia and surrounding coastal areas where rainfall is highest
В	DRAINAGE CLEAN					
1	Movement of vehicles on unpaved surface and engine exhaust	Emission	CO ₂ , SO ₂ , NO ₂ , CO, Dust, PM2.5, PM10	See A1	Contractor	Dust emission will be of little or no impact during this wet season in Liberia
2	Drainage cleaning works	Non- Hazardous /Industrial	 Sand, silts, debris Plastic bottles, plastic bags Domestic-type waste: wastepaper and food scraps, metal cans Liquid waste/feces 	Waste collected from drainages will be placed in smaller waste bins at congested areas and transported by workers to the bigger Bins and then to the Skip Bucket which will be stationed at a major collection point. The Waste collection vehicle will collect the skip bucket with waste from the collection point and transport it to Whein Town for disposal	Contractor	Cost is estimated in BoQ and also provided in ESMP Table 7
3	Drainage cleaning	Hazardous	Solid Wastes: used	Store on site in closed containers with	Contractor	
	works	Waste	batteries, chemical containers, concrete etc. Liquid Waste: spent lubricating oils, hydraulic fluids, brake fluids, battery electrolyte, and dielectric fluids, chemical cleaning agents, paints, primers, thinners, and corrosion control coatings; sealants and adhesives etc.	secondary containment and transferred to a registered waste contractor with off-site permitted hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities	Contractor	Included in the cost of loading, haulage and disposal of collected wastes to the designated landfill. See ESMP Matrix – Table 7

	Worker areas during breaks	Domestic and Sanitary	 Food remnant, kitchen wastes. Food packaging etc. Domestic Sewage 	See B2	Contractor	Usually, in such casual work or daily hire arrangements, the contractor does not provide food or resting area for workers. Workers leave site as soon as they complete their assigned individual task (specified distance) for the day.
C	MAINTENANCE					-
	To be specified in overa	ıll project ESIA	1 and Umbrella Waste Manage	ement Plan and Site-Specific Waste Mana	gement Plans	
	During the recent E&S site screening consultations, community members suggested the setting up of community-based taskforce teams to help them monitor and ensure that drainage channels are, during and after completion of the quick win cleaning activities, kept clean and functional. The suggested taskforce teams would through regular monitoring help prevent people dumping waste into the drainage channels. If the Project could consider providing support to the formation and operation of such community-based teams, this would be one practical way of supporting the maintenance of the drainage channels following the quick win cleaning activities. Cost (Also captured in the relevant sections of the ESMP Table)					

The PMU will monitor compliance to these activities